THE GAZETTE
Undoubtedly has the largest circulation of any paper in the county.—Saxton Herald.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

THE GAZETTE
Is one of the best and handsomest of Pennsylvania's country newspapers.—Phila. Record.

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MEMORIAL ADDRESS.

Brief Summary of Superintendent J. Anson Wright's

SPLENDID ORATION.

Sacrifices, Blood and Treasure Have Been the Price of Liberty—Rising Generation Should Be Taught to Love the Flag.

As far as practicable, the Memorial Day exercises were carried out in Bedford yesterday as outlined by Capt. John B Helm, commander Maj. William Watson Post No. 332, G. A. R, in an order published in last week's GAZETTE. The address by County Superintendent J. Anson Wright was a rare treat. The professor is one of the most popular, eloquent and forceful speakers of the county. A brief summary of his speech, including some of the main points and statements, follows:

Freedom, whether social, political, or religious, has ever been costly. Sacrifices, blood and treasure have been the price of liberty in every age. The sacrifices that have been endured for religious freedom have been severe, from the day upon which Stephen was stoned even unto this day, when, in China, the most ancient empire on the globe, Christian husbands, wives and children are murdered by the fanatical Boxer for daring to forsake Pagan idols for the true and living God. Civil liberty has been scarcely less costly. The history of nations is for the most part but a recital of conflict after conflict between tyranny on the one hand and popular liberty upon the other. As governments in past centuries became corrupt, they were overthrown. Rome, through dissipation and extravagance, fell before the hardy barbarians of the north. As governments became insolent and forgetful of the people's welfare, they were destroyed. The French revolution was an uprising of suffering humanity against the arrogance of royalty.

It has not been long since our own country was freed from tyranny. The patriots who gained their own independence were embarrassed, however, by the presence within their own borders of an incongruous institution which could not then be gotten rid of; namely, human slavery. This institution had grown and developed until its defenders declared it to be a social necessity. It was a social crime, nevertheless, and by the supreme law of eternal retribution the day was sure to come when the prayers of the bondsmen were to be heard and the nation that bound them was to be chastised. Clay's ingenuity saved the nation from war on more than one occasion, though the ever-active spirit of secession was harder to satisfy with every new agitation of the slavery question. The fugitive slave law, the Dred Scott decision and John Brown's raid in turn further aggravated the controversy. Lincoln's warning words against the folly of trying to exist as a nation part slave and part free came at a time when all men believed them to be true. The question turned on Lincoln's election Then the south seceded. The same banner that had been cheered by Washington's men, and carried aloft on Perry's ships, and borne with triumphant shout into Mexico's capital, was now being fired upon at Ft. Sumpter. Then throughout the north there arose the battle cry of Freedom and marching hosts came trooping to Lincoln's call. The war was the most gigantic and bloody of modern times But at last Freedom won. Four million slaves were set free, the curse of slavery was stamped out, the weakness of the State Right's clamor was exposed, the delusion that "Cotton is King" was dispelled. The lesson was a great and costly one. It should be remembered as long as the nation endures Whensoever in future years the cry of sectionalism is raised let it quickly be suppressed. Let those who would array class against class remember the civil war and all its woe Let those who would seek to wring their bread from the sweat of other men's faces read again the tale of the civil war and all its woe.

And again, the nation cannot prosper so long as a considerable proportion of the masses are ignorant. The vote of one man counts as much as the vote of another. All should be conscientious, intelligent, upright. We should never forget to teach the rising generation to love the flag, to love it for its own sake, but especially for what it typifies. It requires as much patriotism sometimes to live a noble private life as to march to the cannon's mouth.

We have not met to-day to celebrate some great victory or to welcome the return of some conquering hero. European nations may shout on the occasion of a king's coronation, but our commemoration is a plainer one. We have met to strew flowers upon the graves of the nation's dead defenders. We honor their memory. Though they never sat upon a throne, though they never wore a jewelled crown, yet they were kings and heroes. They loved liberty, they died in freedom's cause. More worthy act no man can do, and though they may sleep in unmarked graves, or in some Arlington, or in our village churchyard, their memory shall never fade—never so long as gratitude remains a virtue, never so long as flowers grow and children sing.

But war is at best a heartless monster, as many a bereft home, as many a crippled veteran, can testify. It may not be an unmitigated evil, but it is an evil. It may be a necessary resort, but it should be a last resort There is a better institution for the settlement of national and international difficulties It is the Court of Arbitration. Civilized nations are reaching up to it. May the day more speedily come when man everywhere shall choose to be his brother's keeper, not his oppressor, not his foe.

Brengle-Silverwood Nuptials.

Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock Charles Upton Brengle, assistant superintendent of the Pullman company, Richmond, Va, was united in marriage to Miss Clara A Silverwood. The wedding took place at the home of the bride in Richmond. The bride and groom left on the 12 o'clock train for a visit to Philadelphia, Atlantic City and New York. They will come to Bedford from the last named place. Mr. Brengle is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Vachel Brengle, of Bedford.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

Held In St. Luke's Reformed Church at Fishertown May 27 and 28.

The first session was on Monday afternoon. The pastor, Rev. B F Bausman, conducted the opening devotional services and acted as chairman of the meeting. The first topic, "The Twentieth Century Movement in Relation to the Sunday School," was discussed by Rev. I. W. Hendricks, of Bedford. He explained this movement and said, as it is related to the Sunday school, it means that the membership of our Sunday schools is to be increased from 200,000 to 300,000 during the first year of the twentieth century.

Rev. B. F. Bausman gave the concluding thought upon every topic on the programme. The second topic was "The Relation of the Sunday School to Missions" and was assigned to Rev. S. U. Waugaman, but on account of the inclement weather, he failed to be present and Rev D. G. Hetrick gave a short address on the topic. The third topic was "The Object of the Sunday School and its Relation to the Church," and was opened by Robert C. Smith. He said the object of the Sunday school is to get better acquainted with the Word of God. The teaching must start in the home, then in the Sunday school, catechetical class and church. If we have only one of these four links it will be of little account, but if we weld them together they become powerful and useful to one another. It was further discussed by Rev. D. G Hetrick. The afternoon session was closed with the Lord's Prayer, doxology and benediction.

EVENING SESSION.

The first topic for the evening was "The Sunday School Graduate; the Evil, Cause and Remedy in His Case," and was opened by Prof. G. S. Miller. He said it is easy to point out the evil and the cause, but to suggest the remedy is not so easy. The remedy must be found before the person leaves the Sunday school. It may be found in a good teacher and especially in a superintendent who is shrewd and acquainted with the people of the community in which the Sunday school is located. Give the scholars something to do to keep them interested He was followed by Revs. Hendricks and Bausman. "The Relation of the Church Member to the Sunday School" was discussed by R C Smith, Revs Hetrick, Hendricks and Bausman "What Are the Elements of Successful Sunday School Work?" was the last topic of the evening and was ably treated by Rev. I. W. Hendricks. The elements necessary for successful Sunday school work are found in a well regulated Sunday school. The first is a shorter period for your Sunday school session; better begin at 9:15 with all present than at 9 with only a part of the school present. Have a set time and then begin at that time. The second element of success is regularity. Be regular as well as punctual. Insist on regularity because of the good that comes to you and me and because of the good example to all The next element of success is a good superintendent, who must be a man of good common sense and one who knows the standing of the community, so that he can wisely select the teachers so as not to offend any one. Next there must be good order. If there is a bad boy in a class he must not be allowed to disturb the rest of the class and the whole school. Then there must be reverence from the beginning to the end of the Sunday school service. Rev. Bausman made the concluding remarks on this topic.

TUESDAY MORNING'S SESSION.

The first topic for discussion was "The Pastors, Elders and Deacons, What Are Their Duties Toward the Sunday School?" Charles Miller, the superintendent of the Sunday school where the convention met, was the first speaker on this topic. He held that it was their duty to attend the Sunday school regularly, that they be a lookout committee to see if there are any in the community who do not attend any Sunday school and then try to get them into the Sunday school They should find out those in the congregation who would make the best teachers and thus be of great help to the Sunday school. The discussion was continued by Rev. Hendricks, who dwelt upon the vital relation of the Sunday school to the church and the duty of pastor, elders and deacons to be present at the Sunday school. The Sunday school ought to be under the direction of the consistory. The second topic for the morning was "How Can We Best Secure Regular Attendance?" and Rev. B. F. Bausman discussed this subject carefully. He said. Make the Sunday school cheerful and select such music that all can understand and take part in and the children will take a delight in attending the Sunday school. Parents should strive to be enthusiastic in the Sunday school work and their children would catch this spirit and also become enthusiastic. If you would have regular attendance on the part of the scholar you must have regular attendance on the part of the teacher. The last topic of the morning session was "How Can We Best Inculcate the Spirit of Benevolence in the Sunday School Scholars?" It was discussed by Rev. D. G. Hetrick, Rev. I. W. Hendricks, Rev S U. Waugaman and Rev. B. F Bausman. We cannot be interested in the cause of the church as we should unless we know what the church is doing, and here comes in the great need of the church paper. For example, the orphans' homes; every week the superintendents give a letter in the church paper and we know the needs and what is going on there every week as we take up our church paper. There is a practical side to this question; you show your child by example and let the child earn its own money and know the value of a nickel, dime and dollar and then teach the children the blessings promised in God's Word as a reflex influence in giving. They must be acquainted with the facts in order that they may contribute intelligently.

When a congregation has a Christian Endeavor society and where there is a missionary organization there they do the best work and are the most intelligent and enthusiastic in benevolence and church work. Where the people work there you can expect more work. For example, you would not employ a lawyer to plead for you in an important case who had nothing to do, so the people in the congregation who work are the ones upon whom you can rely. Should a superintendent or teacher ever scold a Sunday school scholar? No. The morning session closed with prayer, doxology and benediction.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON'S SESSION.

Rev. S. U. Waugaman opened the discussion on the topic, "Sabbath Observance in Relation to the Sunday School." He said he found that where the Lord's Day was properly observed in the homes by the parents there it will be properly observed by the children. It is wonderful how much influence the Sunday school children have in a community. He was followed by Rev. D G Hetrick, who said we should teach our children to realize that the Lord's Day is the Lord's and is set apart for His worship and for our spiritual edification. The subject was further discussed by Rev. I W. Hendricks. The spirit of the Lord's Day is the spirit of joy. The child must have good books to read on the Lord's Day afternoon. He will do something, and if you do not give him something good to do he will get into mischief. It is the duty of the Christian to go to Sunday school and church service on the Lord's Day. Rev. Bausman concluded the remarks on the topic. "What Should Be the Nature of Sunday School Music?" was opened by Rev. B. F. Bausman. Music is a very important part of worship. It is a great power. Look at the band that goes along the street. How that music braces us up

Continued on fourth page, 3d column.

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

A Thought For the School Boards That Will Organize Next Week.

TEACHERS' SALARIES

Good Schools Depend Upon Well Qualified Instructors—A Schedule of Examinations.

It is gratifying to report that teachers' wages are slightly higher in the county this year than they were last. In the case of male teachers the general average has advanced from $32.57 to $33 00, and in the case of female teachers, from $27 09 to $27.69. The gain is small but it is still a gain, and the forward movement should encourage every district to do even better next year. The problem of the schools is largely a question of qualified teachers A fair salary will procure capable and worthy teachers. Meager wages will cause them to seek other employment, and our children will be the losers. A cheap teacher is a costly teacher. The effect of his inferior work is to limit the future earning capacity, and usefulness, and power, of the child. It is pleasant to note in this connection that we had in the county this year seventy-two teachers who held either a state permanent certificate or a state normal diploma. Last year that number was but sixty. Here again we made progress, though slight. There are twelve local normal schools in the county this year, and all report a good attendance. This means that many of the teachers are striving to increase their efficiency. It is only just that they be paid more money as they advance in proficiency. Many districts had trouble last winter in filling a vacancy when one occurred. Why? Because the teachers who failed to get a school last fall found remunerative employment in the unusually busy industries of the day, and many others who really preferred teaching did not even apply for a school because they were better paid at other work. It is a fact that we are in danger of losing some of our best teachers. Nothing could be worse for the schools. Let us have the best teachers obtainable. Though it may cost money, let us be content to know that more and better than our purses lose thereby our children will gain.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS FOR 1901.

Thursday, June 13, at New Paris, for New Paris borough and part of Napier township

Friday, June 14, at Schellsburg, for Schellsburg borough and part of Napier township

Saturday, June 15, at Mann's Choice, for Mann's Choice borough and Harrison township

Friday, June 21, at New Enterprise, for New Enterprise and Loysburg independent districts and South Woodbury township.

Saturday, June 22, at St Clairsville, for St. Clairsville borough and East St. Clair township

Tuesday, June 25, at Rainsburg, for Rainsburg borough and Colerain township.

Wednesday, June 26, at Chaneysville, for Southampton township.

Thursday, June 27, at Artemas, for Mann township.

Friday, June 28, at Clearville, for Monroe township.

Saturday, June 29, at Riverside school house, for West Providence township and Everett borough.

Monday, July 1, at Bedford, for Bedford borough and Bedford township

Tuesday, July 9, at Saxton, for Saxton borough and Liberty township.

Wednesday, July 10, at Hyndman, for Hyndman borough and Londonderry township.

Friday, July 12, at Centreville, for Cumberland Valley township

Tuesday, July 16, at Woodbury, for Woodbury borough and Woodbury township

Wednesday, July 17, at Baker's Summit, for Bloomfield township.

Thursday, July 18, at Imler, for King township

Friday, July 19, at Lewistown, for Kimmell township.

Saturday, July 20, at Pine Run school house, for Union township and part of Lincoln township

Monday, July 22, at Pleasantville, for Pleasantville borough, West St. Clair township and part of Lincoln township.

Tuesday, July 23, at New Buena Vista, for Juniata township.

Thursday, July 25, at Hartley school house, for Snake Spring township

Friday, July 26, at Steeletown, for Hopewell township.

Saturday, July 27, at Ray's Hill, for East Providence township.

Tuesday, July 30, at Riddlesburg, for Broad Top township and Coaldale and Hopewell boroughs.

Saturday, August 31, special examination at Bedford Union school building

NOTES ON EXAMINATION.

Examinations will begin promptly at eight o'clock.

Examination in Methods will be based mainly, though not exclusively, upon Schaeffer's Thinking and Learning to Think, the Teacher's Manual, and the School Journal.

The secretary of the board will kindly see that the house in which the examination is to be held is open and in order for work. It is requested that directors be present.

Uniform examination paper will be furnished by the superintendent. All written work will be done with pen and ink.

Certificates will not be issued to applicants under seventeen years of age.

Vacancies sometimes occur after the schools have opened. In such a case an applicant for the school will be given a special examination provided he brings a request to that effect from the board.

Other minor regulations governing the examination will be the same as last year.

Very respectfully,
J. ANSON WRIGHT,
County Superintendent.

Farmers' Institutes.

The county board of farmers' institute managers will meet at the county commissioners' office on the second Tuesday of June, to arrange for the place where institutes are to be held this season. All of our people who desire institutes ought to attend this meeting and present their claims. This board is composed of the local members of the State Board of Agriculture and one representative from each county agricultural society, the Pomona Grange and County Alliance. If you find that you cannot attend this meeting, address a letter with your request to Chairman of Board of Institute Managers, care of county commissioners.

Dr. Calhoun Seriously Ill.

George A. Calhoun was summoned to Altoona Tuesday afternoon on account of the serious illness of his father, Dr. C. P Calhoun Tuesday evening's *Altoona Mirror* says: "Dr. C. P. Calhoun, of 317 Sixth avenue, received another stroke of paralysis this morning and is believed to be very near to death's door. Physicians were hastily summoned for a consultation, but there was little that they could do, This is Dr. Calhoun's third stroke."

IMPORTANT DECISIONS.

The Constitution Follows the Flag—The Philippines and Porto Rico.

The United States supreme court on Monday handed down its opinions in the Porto Rican cases dealing with the right of the government to impose tariff duties. According to the New York *World*, the decisions mean that

The Constitution follows the flag.

Porto Rico and the Philippines are domestic territory of the United States. They belong to, but are not a part of the United States for tariff purposes.

Congress has the right to fix the political status of the people of those islands and to impose such tariffs and pass such laws as it sees fit.

The Foraker law, imposing a tariff of 15 per cent. of the Dingley tariff on importations from Porto Rico, is legal.

Tariff collected on Porto Rican goods after the ratification of the peace treaty and before the passage of the Foraker law were illegal.

The Philippines and Porto Rico do not come within the meaning of the section of the Constitution which requires "all duties, imposts and excises to be uniform throughout the United States"

Congress, at its pleasure, may either govern Porto Rico as at present, or admit them either as states or territories.

The Constitution of the United States protects the Filipinos and Porto Ricans in their fundamental rights, but they cannot yet enjoy the privileges of full citizenship.

Congress may sell them or give them independence.

A writ of habeas corpus can bring any constitutional question in these islands to the supreme court.

Miss Mary Ellen Cromwell

Miss Mary Ellen Cromwell died at her home here Sunday morning The deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Cromwell. She lived at this place all her lifetime, with the exception of several years, during which time she resided in Philadelphia. She was ill with asthma for several years. One sister, Miss Susan Cromwell, survives her. Three brothers and three sisters preceded her to the grave. Her father died in 1843 and her mother in October, 1899. The funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon and were conducted by Rev. Dr. Thomas Duncan, rector of St. James' Protestant Episcopal church, assisted by Rev. Dr. A. R Miller, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church. Interment in the Bedford cemetery. The pall-bearers were James Cleaver, W S. Lysinger, R. C. Litzinger, William Brice, J. S. Blymyer and D. S. Horn, Esq. For many years Miss Cromwell was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church and sang in its choir. She had a sweet voice. At the time of her death she was a member of the St. James' Protestant Episcopal church. The deceased had many friends.

Jacob S. Brown.

Jacob S. Brown died at his home in Loysburg on May 22, after an illness of several months' duration, the result of a fall from the forebay of his flouring mill. The deceased, with his son, conducted a large milling business at Loysburg for many years. Mr. Brown owned and operated the first rolls in the county. For a number of years he operated the Bedford Crystal steam mill at this place. He was a wide-awake, progressive business man, always on the alert to adopt the best machinery and the most modern methods in the manufacture of flour, etc. His wife and the following children survive him: J. H. and Daniel Brown, Mrs. Jacob Replogle and Mrs. Delmer Fluke, of South Woodbury township. He is also survived by two brothers—P. S. Brown, of Kansas City, and Abraham Brown, of near Woodbury. The deceased was aged seventy-three years, eleven months and twenty-three days. He was a faithful member of the German Baptist church for many years.

Joseph Growden.

Joseph Growden, a well-to-do farmer of Cumberland Valley, died at his home four miles south of Centreville on Thursday of last week. He was aged sixty-six years. The funeral took place on Saturday at the home of deceased and interment was made in Fellowship cemetery, Rev. A S. Beane officiating. In its sketch of his life the Cumberland *Alleganian* says: "The deceased was a life-long member of the Methodist Protestant church. He leaves a widow and eight children, namely, H. W. B Growden and Thomas Growden, living in the valley, and Fred W. Growden, who lives at the cut-off on Patterson's creek; Mrs. Eli Wilson, of Rush; Mrs. Thomas Fisher, Jr., Mrs. W. B. Hite, Mrs. Kate Oster and Mrs. —— Oster, all in the valley. He also leaves two brothers, James Growden, who lives near Centenary, and Lee Growden, on the old home place with a sister, Martha; also Mrs. Etta Simmons, in Ohio."

James Steckman.

James Steckman, a highly esteemed citizen of Everett, died on May 25. He was a son of Henry and Elizabeth Steckman and was aged sixty-seven years, five months and four days at the time of his death. He was born in Monroe township, eight miles southeast of Everett, and was the youngest of thirteen children. He spent all of his lifetime in Everett, with the exception of four years, during which time he lived in Roanoke, Va. For a number of years he conducted a grocery store in Everett. His widow and the following children survive him: Mrs. William Snell, of Bedford; Cromwell Steckman, of Latrobe, and Charles Steckman, of Roanoke, Va. A brother, Frederick Steckman, lives in Altoona and a sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Morris, in Charlesville. The funeral services were held on Tuesday and were conducted by the Reformed minister, assisted by the Presbyterian and Lutheran ministers of Everett.

Escaped From Jail.

On Monday John Marshall, colored, escaped from jail. He was imprisoned for malicious mischief. In the morning Turnkey John Gates left the door of the bath-room unlocked so that the prisoners could take their daily bath. Marshall went into the room and pulled the door shut. When Mrs. Gates took their dinner to the inmates Marshall coolly walked out and made a bee-line for the woods. Mrs. Gates did not know that the door of the bath-room was unlocked.

CURRENT COMMENT.

"Free Lance's" Discussion of Questions of the Day.

A "COMATOSE STATE."

The Printing Press Follows the Flag—New York's Reformers—Mark Hanna's Pre-Election Declaration.

According to the census returns, Nevada is a "comatose state."

Perhaps Hanna doesn't intend to be a candidate in 1904, but his joining the G. A. R. looks very suspicious.

A Chicago professor says that a man who parts his hair in the middle is a degenerate. We'll let it go at that.

Well, anyway, the printing press has followed the flag. Manila is turning out tons of public documents nowadays.

Well, the Confederate meeting at Memphis will not have the pension commissioner problem to fight over, anyway.

The indications are that Chicago will never become sufficiently well known as a seaport to receive visits from the sea serpent.

Unable to restrain his own itch for public speaking, the Kaiser has done the next best thing by forbidding the publication of his speeches.

We have all read "The Love Letters of a Worldly Woman," but no one has had the nerve to write up the love letters of a Chicago bigamist.

The war department says that the thievery in the Philippines is "largely technical." It is to be hoped that the imprisonment will not be likewise.

Secretary Root, it is said, has decided to ask the next congress to repeal the law forbidding the army canteen. This is the next best thing to never having adopted it at all.

We hope J Pierpont Morgan will consent to receive Emperor William and King Edward as well as President Loubet. It would be unfortunate if he should show any favoritism.

Why should Mr. Hanna call attention to his pre-election declaration that "there are no trusts." Have not subsequent events—to say nothing of the verdict at the polls—triumphantly upheld his assertion.

The Christian Scientists have gone to the limit in Chicago, where a woman was permitted to die in childbirth while her husband sat by and prayed—but allowed no one to give her the least assistance.

Oil has been found in hundreds of unused wells in Texas. One can't help wondering what the Texans dug wells for, anyway. They seem never to have used them or they would have found the oil before.

The practices of the pension attorneys at San Francisco are becoming an open scandal. Returning soldiers are besieged, runners offering to get them pensions for disease, real or imaginary. It's a regular "puller in" game.

Perhaps the Standard Oil company may not be able to gobble the Texas wells just yet, but, all the same, it has already gained command of the means of shipping their product and can put the screws on as hard as it likes.

Time has shown that there is no chance of the Republicans attempting to steal Democratic thunder on the tariff question. Mr. Babcock's appeal has fallen on deaf ears "Whom the gods destroy they first make mad."

The people of Iowa do not seem to appreciate the humor in their constantly expressed wonder whether Minister Conger will "accept" the governorship of the state or not. Who ever heard of a Republican declining any office?

It is stated that the manufacturers of fruit jars are behind with their orders. Likewise, the manufacturer of the annual stories about the condition of the peach crop is behind hand this year and remains to be heard from.

Mutterings of a coming tariff combination against the United States still continue to be heard in Europe. The ratification of the reciprocity treaties may stave it off for a while, but it is certain to come sooner or later.

The strike of the machinists is really due to the tales of abounding prosperity that the Republicans have been sowing broadcast. The men want their share. If it isn't there for them to get, Mark Hanna and his tribe are responsible.

The polygamy-slavery convention with the Sultan of Jolo, which the administration has maintained was only an agreement, has been formally described as a treaty in official documents of the Philippines. Thus the voters get fooled.

The truth is that we find Senator McLaurin's attitude somewhat bewildering. If it is Democratic to favor ship subsidies, gold coinage and protection, we should like to know what tenets Mr. McLaurin proposes to leave to the Republicans.

Blacklisting of a man is practically a conspiracy to ruin that man and starve his family. And yet a Chicago judge has decided that it was a lawful weapon for a corporation to use. We do not believe the supreme court will agree with any such doctrine.

The Republican press is having lots of fun out of the fact that Senator Towne, Governor Hogg, Senator Pettigrew and others have made fortunes recently, insinuating that they will promptly become Republicans. Just wait a while and see, brethren.

The New York reformers have reached the stage where they are compelled to protest against the proffers of assistance tendered them by Senator Platt, Eli Quigg and other Republicans. They remember the fate of the lady who went to ride on her tiger.

Peru say she will not attend unless the Pan-American congress is to discuss arbitration of all disputes past, present and future. Peru is very foolish. Half a loaf is better than no bread at all and arbitration of future disputes is better than no arbitration at all.

Instead of charging cowardice against Captain Hall, Secretary Squiers, of the Pekin legation, had better look after his own skirts. The court-martial which acquitted Captain Hall has also charged Mr. Squiers with blowing his own horn and, incidentally, two foreign ministers have formally charged Mrs. Squiers with looting.

FREE LANCE.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Daily Happenings Gathered and Briefly Recorded.

As the result of a fire in the Hermann mine at Waldenburg, Russia, on Saturday 21 miners lost their lives.

The total value of Japan's foreign trade for the year 1900 was $243,791,000, imports exceeding exports by $40,000,000.

Five cadets were recently dismissed and six suspended from the West Point Military academy for alleged insubordination.

An explosion of gas in the Richland coal mine, at Dayton, Tenn., on Monday caused the death of at least seventeen miners.

Mrs. McKinley was recovered sufficiently for the presidential party to begin its homeward journey from San Francisco on Saturday.

On Sunday two tramps were found dead and another in a serious condition near Hackensack, the result of their drinking wood alcohol.

John R. Tanner, ex-governor of Illinois, died suddenly in the Leland hotel, Springfield, Ill., on Thursday of last week, of rheumatism of the heart.

The Bessemer ore mine, Aragon, in Michigan, has been purchased by the United States Steel corporation for $2,500,000 from Ohio capitalists, who have operated it for twelve years.

A steel and wire company has been organized at Kokomo, Ind. It is not controlled by the steel trust, has a capital of $1,500,000, and will construct a plant to employ 1,500 operatives

On Friday an explosion took place in the Universal colliery at Senghenydd, Wales, and 78 miners were entombed. An heroic, but fruitless, effort was made to save the men. Nearly all of the bodies have been recovered.

At Cumberland on Tuesday Cleal Cline, aged 10 years, while playing with a revolver, accidentally discharged the weapon. The ball entered the head of his three-year-old sister, Marchie Cline, killing her almost instantly.

The Presbyterians of the United States and many from foreign lands have declared for a revision of the creed. In the general assembly in Philadelphia on Monday the report of the majority of the committee on revision was adopted.

At Albany, N. Y., on Sunday electric cars racing from a switch while running toward each other at the rate of forty miles an hour cost five lives by a terrific collision, in which over forty prominent people were injured, some fatally and others seriously.

At Hookstown on Friday Whitten Orwin and Losh Cosco, who had taken refuge from a heavy storm in a barn, were both instantly killed by lightning which struck the building Cosco's horse was also killed. The barn was only slightly damaged.

Major Taylor, the American colored champion cyclist, at Paris, France, on Monday wrested the world's championship from Jacquelin, the French rider, in two successive heats. Taylor was recently defeated by Jacquelin at the same distance and in a like number of heats.

A despatch from Pekin reports a small clash at arms between German and American legation guards, the result of the failure of some German troops to comply with military regulations. An American sentry resisted with his bayonet the charge of a German officer with a sword, and subsequently fired upon a German soldier, wounding another man.

Gaetano Bresci, assassin of King Humbert, of Italy, has committed suicide in the penitentiary of Santo Stefano. He made a rope from his blankets and strangled himself Tuesday night of last week. On the wall of his cell the word "Vengeance" was scratched with his bloody thumbnail. Bresci, who belonged to a group of anarchists at Paterson, N. J., shot and killed the king on July 29 last He was sentenced to solitary confinement for life.

The First National bank of Mineral Point, Wis., was robbed on Saturday of $20,000 or more, mostly currency. Insurance covers the full amount of the loss. Entrance was effected through the shingled roof of the bank, which is a one story structure. Thence from the attic to the vault the burglars made their way by digging through the arched brick. From the inside the vault door was forced open and the safe was blown open with nitro-glycerine.

Charles C. Fitzmorris, a 17-year-old school boy, is being sent by W. R. Hearst's Chicago *American* to girdle the globe. Fitzmorris expects to outdo Jules Verne's "Around the World in Eighty Days." If he makes schedule time he will get back to Chicago in fifty-six days and will have traveled 21,217 miles. The New York *Journal* started a boy from New York on the same mission and the San Francisco *Examiner* also sent out a youthful tourist. These two went west. The first is supposed to complete the trip in sixty-three days, the second in sixty-four.

According to the twelfth census, some of the towns of Pennsylvania have peculiar names. Here are a few specimens: Jersey Shore, Loyal Sock, Nippenose, Picture Rocks, Wolf, Cherrytree, Cornplanter, Scrub Grass, Victory, Twilight, Parnassus, Freedom, New Freedom, Paradise, Red Lion, Moon, Slippery Rock, Daisy Town, Scalp Level, Snow Shoe, Popcopson, Licking, Paint, Chest, Fox, Bald Eagle, Oil Creek, Woodcock, Rush, Andy, Fair Chance, Warrior's Mark, Wampum, Jeddo, Shickshinny, Warrior Run, Eden, Four Coons, Lively Town, Mushroom and Peach.

As the outcome of a spirited debate between United States Senators B. R Tillman and John L. McLaurin at Gaffney, S. C., on Saturday both of them have put their resignations in the hands of Governor McSweeney, to take effect November 15 They have resigned with the understanding that they are to go before the people of the state in a joint canvass, and that the sentiment of the people is to be expressed in the vote in a Democratic primary to be held in November. Tillman last summer was re-elected to the United States senate for six years and McLaurin has yet two years to serve. McLaurin, although elected as a Democrat, has become practically a Republican, and his change of sentiment is responsible for the debate and its sensational ending. Tillman is the Democratic leader in South Carolina.

REPUBLICAN REVOLT

Against the Panama-Tainted Hanna Programme.

THE CANAL QUESTION.

An Amusing Scene In a Washington Police Court—How Soldiers Regard Service In the Philippines.

Special Correspondence of THE GAZETTE

WASHINGTON, May 28.—There is a Republican revolt against the Panama-tainted Hanna programme for the administration on the Isthmian canal question, that, with the assistance of Democrats, led by Senator Morgan, will knock out the Panama lobby, if it has the strength Republicans of prominence say it has. According to the talk in eminent Republican circles in Washington the revolt has been thoroughly planned and it includes the making of Senator Lodge, a stanch advocate of the Nicaragua route for the canal, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, a position upon which precedent gives Senators Frye and Cullom prior claims. It will be easy enough to dispose of Frye's claim, as he is president pro-tem of the senate and is, besides, anxious to give much of his time during the next session to pushing a new ship-subsidy bill; but Cullom will not be so easy to push aside, as he would like to have the honor of being at the head of the committee on foreign relations. However, the Republican steering committee, if controlled as claimed by the revolters, can probably "persuade" him that he would better hold on to the chairmanship of the interstate commerce committee and voluntarily relinquish his claim. With Lodge at the head of the foreign relations committee, a resolution declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty abrogated is to be reported and at once brought to a vote in the senate. With the adoption of that resolution, the Panama scheme would receive its death blow. The most interesting thing about this revolt is the claim of its promoters that Mr. McKinley is in secret sympathy with its object and wishes to see congress take the action that will, in addition to killing the Panama job, force the hand of Great Britain and show to the world that the Isthmian canal is going to be a strictly American institution from start to finish.

If the members of the naval board of awards wish to increase the number of those who believe official history to consist largely of plain everyday lying, done to boost the record of the whilom favorites of the powers that be, they are on the right track; but if Mr. McKinley and Secretary Long wish to do so, either can head off the perpetuation of a historic lie by this board. No official announcement of that fact has yet been made, but among naval officers it is understood that the board has decided that the head of Rear Admiral Sampson shall appear upon one side of the official medal to be presented to the officers and sailors who participated in the destruction of the Spanish fleet, off Santiago, Cuba, thus sending him down to posterity as a participant in that battle, when he had no more, personally, to do with it than Mr. McKinley had, until after the battle had been fought and won. It would only be common decency to call this board down and if neither Secretary Long nor Mr. McKinley will do it, congress may conclude to take a hand in the game.

An amusing scene took place in the Washington police court in connection with the arraignment of a negro for the theft of a game rooster. The prisoner said: "Jedge, I jes' seen dat chicken on de sidewalk an' de chicken acted kinder friendly. I'se fond ob game chickens wherever I sees dem, an' I had dat chicken in my arms rub bin' it down an' admirin' it when dis beah policeman came up an' sez, 'Wher did you git dat chicken?' Den he run me in. I had no mo' 'tention ob takin' dat chicken dan a saint in heben." The judge accepted the plea, but in discharging the prisoner, amid the grins of those present, he said: "I would advise you the next time you meet a chicken to take the other side of the street."

How soldiers, even those in the regular army, regard service in the Philippines is unmistakably shown by a bit of official correspondence just made public by the war department. A number of regulars now in the Philippines, whose terms of enlistment will shortly expire, informed their officers that they would re-enlist, if assured that they would be allowed to return to the United States when the organizations to which they belong were ordered home, and that assurance has been given in a letter from the adjutant general's office, showing that the war department has full knowledge of the discontent of the men with service in the Philippines.

Aguinaldo has been promised by General MacArthur that he would be allowed to visit the United States in the fall if the war department did not object. Then the war department will take the matter under consideration and conditions in the Philippines will determine its final action.

Ex-Senator Mitchell, of Wisconsin, who has just returned from a sojourn of two years in Europe, has not changed his mind against annexation of foreign territory. He said: "I am as thoroughly opposed as ever to annexing people without their consent. I do not find such power given specifically in the Constitution, and without the power specifically indicated, I do not think we can do it. In addition to that, I do not see either political or business sense in annexing the Philippine islands."

Birthday Party.

Tuesday afternoon Mrs. A. B. Cushing gave a party in honor of her son Robert's sixth birthday. The little guests enjoyed themselves very much. Toothsome refreshments were served. Those present were George and Helen Cessna, Cloyd and Ellen Doty, Helen and Hazel Barnett, Bessie Corle, Bessie Blymyer, Catharine, Marguerite and Anna McLaughlin, Winnie and Davidson Armstrong, Lawrence Gilchrist, Regina Calhoun, Tom Gephart, Lillian Strock, Manon Lingle, Marie Litzinger, Corena and Helena Rush, Alice Colvin, Tom Donahoe, Fred, Joe and Maud Lessig.

PERSONAL NOTES.

People Who Move Hither and Thither in This Busy World.

Mrs John E. Eicholtz returned from Pittsburg on Tuesday.

Mrs John Mench and daughter, of Everett, spent Tuesday in Bedford.

Mr. Aaron Luman, of Speelman, was a caller at THE GAZETTE office on Monday.

Mr. Henry Lippel, of Cumberland, was the guest of his brother, Mr. Moses Lippel, this week.

Hon. W. P. Schell and daughter, Miss Nannie Schell, are spending some time at Sulphur Springs.

Adams Express Agent C. A. Willoughby, wife and daughter Mary spent Memorial Day in Huntingdon.

Mr. Milton Enfield on Monday left for Pittsburg, where he will spend a month with relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. R. Rhodes and daughter, of Hyndman, are guests of Mrs. Rhodes' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cessna

R. A. Stiver and Calvin Stiffler, of Bedford, were among yesterday's visitors in the city.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Miss Fannie Enfield on Friday returned from a visit to friends in New York and the western part of Pennsylvania.

Miss Ella Stewart, who has been visiting friends in Wilkinsburg for the past ten months, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. Samuel Bancroft, of Wilmington, Del., one of the proprietors of the Bedford Springs, spent a few days this week in Bedford.

Messrs. J. P. Shoemaker, of Buffalo Mills, J. P. Lehman, of Mann's Choice, and David Diehl, of Charlesville, were in town on Tuesday.

On Sunday Mr. A. J. Otto returned from Pittsburg, where he spent two weeks serving as a juror in the United States circuit court.

Messrs J. G Jamison, of Hyndman, Howard Burns, of Spring Hope, and George H. Rose, of Rainsburg, spent Saturday in Bedford.

Messrs. Frederick Mowry, of Straub, Silas Holler, of Bard, W. A. McGregor, of Alum Bank, and George W. Cessna, of Rainsburg, were in Bedford on Tuesday attending to legal business.

Miss Daisy Huzzard and Miss Margaret Rooney, of Pittsburg, were among those from a distance who attended the funeral of Miss Huzzard's aunt, Miss Mary Cromwell, Tuesday afternoon.

A Spell of Weather.

Forecaster Dey, of Philadelphia, has compiled statistics to show that the month of May, '01, has not been phenomenal in the matter of cold, wet and dreary weather, but the present continued spell of rainy weather is at least uncommon enough to be worthy of note. The condition of the weather doesn't bear out the forecaster's figures. At the time this was written (Wednesday) it was raining and for eight days previous rain fell almost continuously and the sky was constantly overcast, with the exception of a cloud-rift on Tuesday. In seasons such as this one learns to appreciate the sunshine.

"Bear in mind that 'twill be hot,
Later on;
Comfort vainly will be sought,
Later on;
So when springtime days are cold
Don't about the weather scold,
For there'll be heat uncontrolled,
Later on."

The Schell Reunion.

The Schell reunion committee has fixed on Thursday, the 6th day of June, next, as the day for the reunion of the descendants of John Schell II., at the "Old Log" church near Schellsburg. Upwards of 75 persons from a distance have notified the committee that they will be in attendance. Owing to the limited hotel accommodations at Schellsburg, the visitors will come to Bedford, on the 5th of June, and will drive to Schellsburg the next morning at 7 30.

There will be religious services and an address in the afternoon, in the old church. The committee extends a general invitation to all persons who may desire to attend. But for the reason above given it would be well to bring lunch baskets.

Carriages will take passengers to Schellsburg and return for $1 each, with five in a carriage.

Musical Treat.

There is a rare treat in store for the people of Bedford. Some of the best vocalists and instrumentalists of the town will take part in a concert which will be given in Ridenour Hall Wednesday evening, June 5, when the following programme will be rendered:

PART I.

Instrumental duet, Miss Hartley, Miss Shuck
Vocal solo .... Miss Fyan
Piano .... Miss Metzger
Violin solo .... Mr Koontz
Piano .... Mr. Thompson
Vocal quartette, Miss Cleaver, Miss Gailey, Mr. Horn, Mr. Gephart.

PART II.

Instrumental duet, Miss McGirr, Mr. Thompson.
Vocal duet .... Miss Shuck, Mr. Horn
Piano .... Mrs. Musser
Vocal solo .... Mrs. H. B. Strock
Piano .... Miss Cessna
Vocal solo .... Mrs. I. W. Hendricks

No Services Next Sunday.

Rev. M. L. Culler, pastor of Trinity Lutheran church, Bedford, a delegate to the General Synod of the Lutheran Church in the United States, left on the 4:10 train Monday afternoon to attend the convention, to be held in Des Moines, Ia., beginning Wednesday evening, May 29 In consequence of the absence of the pastor there will be no service in the Lutheran church of Bedford on Sunday, June 2 But on Sunday, June 9, very interesting and instructive Children's Day services will be held in the church at 10:30 a. m., conducted by the Sunday school.

An Interesting Relic.

John Nycum, of Mann's Choice, recently found what seems to be a campaign button which was worn by some loyal patriot during the time of Washington's administration. The badge is of copper, one and one-half inches in diameter. Along the edge is inscribed "Long Live the President" and in the center are the letters "G. W." On the back there is a ring, or eye, for fastening to coat. There is no date on the button. Mr. Nycum says he has been offered a handsome sum for the relic.

Fingers Cut Off.

While operating a rip-saw at the Arnold planing mill Wednesday afternoon Charles Arnold accidentally got his right hand against the saw and had the first and second fingers cut off. Dr. J. A. Clark and Dr. W. F. Enfield dressed the wound.

MENTIONED IN BRIEF.

Town Talk and Neighborhood Notes.

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources—Little Points Picked Up By Vigilant Reporters.

Mrs. William Forney, of Snake Spring township, is seriously ill.

Work of the pension bureau: Christiana Adams, of Buffalo Mills, $8.

A valuable cow belonging to Peter Lesure, the wide-awake expressman, died Monday night.

Don't forget the concert in Ridenour Hall next Wednesday evening. It will be a musical treat.

The game of ball between the Bedford and Everett nines was postponed from Memorial Day to Wednesday of next week.

Last week John Fletcher, of Monroe township, sold a pair of handsome gray horses to an undertaker of Clearfield for $350.

In the cases of Clapper vs. Frederick, and Clapper vs. Fluck, the supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the Bedford county court.

The date for the concert which will be given in Ridenour Hall under the auspices of George Thompson has been changed from June 4 to June 5.

Harry Kleindienst, grandson of Mrs. Thomas McCallion, of Cessna, died at his home in Washington, D. C., Monday night. The deceased was eleven years old.

Michael Sherren, an expert marble and granite finisher, of Allegheny, has secured employment with the Keystone Marble and Granite works, of Bedford.

Marriage licenses were recently granted at Cumberland to William Irvin Black and Locreda Lingenfelter, of Claysburg; Henry W. Mosby and Mary Haley, of Broad Top City.

Henry Mock, formerly of Bedford, but now of Huntingdon, was operated upon at the Hahnemann hospital, Philadelphia, Saturday evening for appendicitis. The operation was successful and Mr. Mock is on a fair way to recovery.

Rev. M. Andujar, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at New Millport, and his wife will leave in July for Porto Rico, where they will do missionary work. Rev. Andujar was formerly pastor of the M. E. church at Alum Bank.

In the case of Mrs. Mary Pitcairn vs. Dr. R. V. Pitcairn, which we referred to last week, the Pittsburg court has granted a rule on the latter to show cause why he should not be discharged as committee of the former's husband, Albert Pitcairn, a lunatic.

The following decision handed down by the supreme court on Monday will interest many of our readers: "Gardner's estate, Gardner, executor, appeal. Gardner estate, Brotherline's appeal. Same, Stone's appeal. O. C., Blair county. Decree affirmed."

Samuel B. Defibaugh, our popular ice man, has sold his ice business to William B. Weyant, who will take possession at once. Mr. Weyant has had a great deal of experience in this line of work and will no doubt prove a worthy successor of Mr. Defibaugh.

On Friday Michael, son of John Irvine Diehl, of Colerain township, while working on a saw-mill, accidentally got his left hand against the saw and the little finger and thumb were cut off Dr. A. C. Wolf, of Bedford, and Dr. H. C. Lessig, of Rainsburg, dressed the injured hand. Mr. Diehl is left-handed.

At a special meeting Thursday night of last week the town council decided to give the people of Bedford permission to dump dirt at the terminus of Juliana street near the Grand Central hotel. Many of our citizens would like to see a bridge built across the creek from that point to the P. R. R. station.

Rev. Mason L. Sipes, formerly of Brush Creek township, but for the last year or so of Gapsville, Bedford county, will leave soon and take up his residence in Clearfield. He is a brother of Mrs. J. Nelson Sipes, of this place. The reverend gentleman leaves many warm friends behind.—*McConnellsburg Democrat.*

Tuesday afternoon C. D. Brode's horse became tired of loafing in front of the grocery store and sprinted around toward his stable. In making the turn at the McCulloh property the wagon was overturned and the shafts were wrenched from their moorings. The horse, with the shafts dangling at his heels, continued his mad career until he was corralled by a crowd of men and boys near the Hotel Waverly.

Rev. R. P. Miller, who has been pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Homestead for about fourteen years, has tendered his resignation as pastor there and has accepted a call to the First Presbyterian church at Philipsburg, where, he states, on account of lighter duties and the salubrious climate in the Alleghenies, he expects to regain his health, which has been failing of late. Rev. Miller is a former Bedford county boy and lived with his mother at Pleasantville.—*Everett Press.*

Liveryman R. A. Stiver informs us that he has sold to R. C. McNamara, Esq, of Bedford, the bay trotter, Montana, 2:30; to Jailer M. K. Baird, of Hollidaysburg, the bay trotter, Dan B., 2:45; to R. H. Garrett, of Clarksburg, W. Va., the pacer, Jerry Hayward, 2:20; to Lewis Fry, of Parkersburg, W. Va., the pacer, Maco Wilkes, 2:19¼. Jerry Hayward and Maco Wilkes are in training now and will be raced this season though Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

On Monday Justice of the Peace James Mannock, of Bedford township, was driving across the creek at H. H. Lysinger's mill when his wagon became uncoupled, the horse and the front carriage going in one direction and the hind carriage and the 'squire in another. Fortunately Mr. Mannock retained the lines—and his wits. He pulled the horse around toward the "second section," and, jumping on the nag's back, was carried safely to shore. The abandoned "craft" was carried down the stream some distance, but was subsequently recovered, and after "making up his train," Mr. Mannock made the "run" home without further mishap.

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Bedford Gazette.

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BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, May 31, 1901.

McKINLEY AND THE SOUTH.

United States Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, at a banquet recently given President McKinley in Memphis, made a speech in which he referred to the utterance of the executive regarding the feeling of southern men for the Union. Mr Carmack declared that the southerners resumed their loyalty to the Union when they resumed their allegiance to the government and were tired of being held up as belated prodigals. Senator Carmack in an interview given out since the feast gave his reasons for his remarks, as follows:

"When we most needed the cheering word and the helping hand we got nothing from Mr. McKinley and his party but the curse and the clenched fist. So long as they could make party capital by waving the bloody shirt and by teaching the north to hate and distrust the south, they did so, and the Republican conception of all that was vile in human nature was summed up in the words "Confederate Brigadier." This brigadier was forbidden by law to draw sword for the Union, and it was not until the sword was needed in the war with Spain that the law was repealed. We rejoice that the time of sectional hatred has passed or is passing, but we do not forget that it might have passed many years ago if Mr. McKinley and other Republican leaders had desired it to pass "

THE ISSUES AND THE MAN.

At this period of inactivity in national politics the Pittsburg *Post* thinks it would be profitable to take a glance o'er the field to "get the lay of the land." The *Post* is of the opinion that if present business and industrial conditions continue, with the overwhelming power of trusts and combinations, there is little prospect of change. It believes, however, that a crash in the future, the result of business excesses or political blunders and crimes, is not improbable. "Almost everyone predicts it and would make haste to get clear of the wreckage," says our contemporary. "It will bring a change in political conditions and control." In a recent interview Senator George Vest, of Missouri, gave some interesting information upon the political outlook. In reply to the question, "What will be the paramount issue in 1904?" Senator Vest said: "The issues will be made by the condition, and the man will be indicated by the issues. The issues may be brought before us in a week. They may come in a single day. Wall street may indicate them."

Why not accredit the veteran Vest with being a premier political prophet, and take him at his word, and thus save energy required in casting about for issues and men? In the meantime let every Democratic patriot remain loyal to the party and day in and day out fight for its principles. This will strengthen and equip him for the battle royal which will be fought when the "issues have been made by the condition and the man has been indicated by the issues."

A LIVING ISSUE.

In an interview with the Kansas City *Times* Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, expressed the belief that the tariff question is a living issue of the day.

"If the platform makers for our national elections," said Senator Morgan, "would say that the Democratic party is opposed to all abuses of the power of taxation, because such abuses are opposed to the ancient creed that demands equal rights for all, with exclusive privileges to none, and if the orators and writers would show up the many and terrible abuses of the power of taxation that are inflicted upon the people the fact would at once appear that there are many more than enough Democrats in the United States to elect a Democrat to the presidency."

In his speeches during his journey across the continent President McKinley gave utterance to sentiments which have led his hearers to believe that he is of the opinion that changed conditions justify a moderation of the tariff duties. But it "goes without saying" that, no matter what McKinley may believe, the trusts have too firm a grip on the party in power to permit any change in the law which fosters and fondles them. To show the influence of the trusts Senator Morgan told how the sugar combine dictated our policy in Cuba.

"If Cuba was annexed," he declared, "sugar would come in free of duty and the people would have cheap sugar. But the sugar trust would lose its power to rob the people by holding the sugar market in the hollow of its hand. Therefore we are required to keep Cuba at arm's length, so that congress can tax her sugar for the benefit of the sugar trust; but we must not give Cuba sovereign independence so that she would be at liberty to make bargains with other countries for the disposal of her sugar and tobacco. To accomplish all this we are required to retain the right to rule Cuba in her foreign relations and to interfere, at our option, in her domestic affairs."

It is useless to expect the Republican party to try to crush out the trusts. It is too deeply involved and is too completely under the domination of these oppressors of the people to lift its hand against them. The only source of relief is the Democracy, and, as Senator Morgan says, the only hope for the Democratic party as an agency for the promotion of this object is for the members of the organization to stop wrangling over differences that have been settled by events and to assemble on the old foundation creed. The old creed, he alleges, organizes the party so that any honest, capable and sound Democrat can lead it to victory. That a tariff should be levied for revenue only, that the taxing power should not be abused, that there should be equal rights for all and special privileges for none are cardinal principles of the Democratic creed. The Baltimore *Sun* states the case clearly and concisely when it says: "If there is to be a genuine effort to bring the trusts within bounds the point of attack is the tariff. It is no use dealing with symptoms now, the cause of the disease must first receive attention."

Paris Exposition Prizes.

The United States received more prizes at the Paris exposition than any other nation, except France. The total being 1,981. It is a remarkable fact, that though the inhabitants of every country suffer from digestive troubles, and though every clime offers some alleviation therefrom, it remains for America to produce an absolutely reliable remedy for such common diseases. This remedy is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Half a century ago, it was placed upon the market, and from that day to this, it has never been equalled. It has an almost unparalleled record for the cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, sick headache, sour stomach, belching, heartburn, nervousness, fatigue, insomnia, or any other disturbance of the stomach. Be sure to give it a trial.

Hauled Down In Glory.

After a nine months' sojourn in Pekin the American troops yesterday "hauled down the flag" and departed, leaving a small legation guard behind. And instead of fierce denunciations of "the impious hands" that dare to "haul down the flag" there are only expressions of pride and satisfaction. After Mr. McKinly had repaired his initial blunder in announcing an aggressive policy in China—and he speedily reversed himself—his Chinese policy has been flawless. It has been patterned closely upon Washington's ideal of a foreign policy—"setting an example of an exalted justice and benevolence." With the cordial co-operation of General Chaffee and his officers and men, Mr. McKinley has made the Chinese feel that their suspicion and hatred of foreigners ought not to include the people of the Great Republic. While the soldiers of the other civilized powers have been looting, burning, abandoning themselves to gross and bloody appetites, the soldiers of the republic have been conducting themselves like gentlemen and men. While the governments of the other civilized powers have been going through China's pockets like so many highwaymen, the administration of the republic has been protesting against outlawry and doing all in its power to shame and persuade the others to a course of decency and civilization.

And even the Roosevelts and Lodges and Beveridges are swelling themselves upon the nation's departure from the basic principle of the "strenuous life."

Punishment Beneficial.

This question was asked of a large number of persons: What punishments or rewards have you ever had that did you good or harm?

The majority claimed to be benefited by punishment. The boys thought the effects of a good plain talk were salutary, and none had a complaint to make against a good "dressing-down." Many were grateful for having had punishment in due season. There is a time in many a boy's life when he thinks he is lord of everything, and it would seem that a good whipping is often the best way to cure this defect Tenderness is excellent for most children, but there are certain natures on whom it is wasted, because they simply abuse it.

Conscience does not seem to be very powerful in children before the age of nine. Preaching, or advice unsought for, does not seem to do much good, while suggestion does. As to the influence of companions, it was greatest between the ages of ten and fifteen. This influence is next to that of home. —Everybody's Magazine.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by J. R Irvine & Co.

The East River Bridge, New York.

The East River bridge will be the largest suspension bridge in the world The old Brooklyn bridge is its nearest rival. Great advances have been made since that earlier engineering feat was accomplished. New methods and more modern machinery have simplified much of the detail of the work. Lessons were learned at the building of the older bridge. The making of the first connection between the towers and the twisting of the great cables have both been planned and the first carried out on entirely new and unprecedented lines. The comparative dimensions of the new bridge with the Brooklyn bridge will give graphically the size of the completed East River structure:

	East River.	Brooklyn.
Strength in proportion	4	1
Width	118 feet	85 feet
Total length of span	7,200 "	6,000 "
Channel span	1,600 "	1,595½"
Height of towers from water	335 "	276 "
Minimum length at center	135 "	135 "

—World's Work.

Reduced Rates to Cincinnati.

On account of the convention of the United Societies of Christian Endeavor, to be held in Cincinnati July 6 to 10, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell, July 4 to 6, from all stations on its line, excursion tickets to Cincinnati at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be good for return passage, leaving Cincinnati not earlier than July 8 and not later than July 14. For special rates and full information apply to ticket agents.

BROADBRIM'S BUDGET

Number One Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty-Three.

THE UNITED STATES

Is Not a Nation of Shoppers, Traders and Peddlers—The Twenty-Third at Albany.

Special Correspondence of THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, May 28.—No greater fallacy ever existed among men than that which rated the citizens of the United States as a nation of shopkeepers, traders and peddlers. How such a misconception of our national character could ever have occurred is beyond my ken. In my school days the favorite piece for recital was "My Voice Is Still For War," and if you did not believe him, step into the woods just back of the school house and in less time than it takes to say Jack Robinson he would give you an ocular demonstration that what he said was true.

For weeks we have been welcoming our bold soldier boys returning from Manila, whistling erstwhile "When Johnny Comes Marching Home." But whatever our speculations on the present or our prognostications of the future, we were recently awakened from our dreams of bliss and felt like punching the head of the patriot who composed that popular nonsense, "Let Me Like a Soldier Fall."

It was early in the evening of Monday when the five great boroughs that compose New York were informed that a serious development of the strike was taking place and it would need a strong display of diplomacy, firmness and unquestioned courage to save considerable blood-letting before the setting of the sun.

Our capital, Albany, has had a very unsavory reputation in regard to disgraceful brawls and street fights. It has bred a race of politicians that have been no credit to the state, and as far back as the early forties, when the anti-rent riots shook the state from Montauk Point to Erie, Albany and Troy's anti-best citizens stood ready to furnish any extra assistance that might be needed to tar and feather a process server or hang a persistent deputy sheriff, and it was not until powder and ball were called into the arbitrament that peace was permanently restored after having cost the state several millions of dollars and many precious lives.

The alarm was a good deal like an electric shock. General Roe sent out a hurry call for the Twenty-third regiment. There were no ifs or ans about the order. Speaking for myself, I can truly say, what our senior senator remarked when a close count on an important question was being made. Fearing that his vote had not been counted, he cried out, at the top of his voice: "Me, too!" after his distinguished associate's name had been called. Many years have passed since then; but the nom-de-plume of "Me, too," clings to the distinguished gentleman like the shirt of Nessus.

But, to return to my "moutons," it was half-past eleven o'clock when a thundering rap came at our front door that fairly shook the roof. I was just preparing to retire, being completely worn out with the exacting demands of the day, for I was one of a committee to receive the United German singers who were coming to New York to attend the annual festival of German singers and also to compete for the beautiful prize offered by the German emperor for the best German-American singers to be found in the United States From a pleasant, friendly contest in some cases it degenerated into a Donnybrook fight, where some ambitious champion, thirsting for something more than local fame, dressed in his best, started down for the fair, and, stripping off his coat, dragged it along the grounds the whole length of the fair and winding up with his proclamation for any ambitious scrapper who was aching for a fight to walk right up without any delay and tread on the tail of his coat.

The commander-in-chief was evidently on his mettle. He wasted no verbiage; he meant what he said and he said what he meant, for, as a husky recruit from away back expressed it, it was a "Git up git" order, and that's just what it was. The news spread like wild-fire; the call for the Twenty-third's men was made from the stages of all the theaters and music halls in the city: prayermeetings and revivals gave the startling news to their congregations, and in a few hours the city was all aflame.

The Twenty-third regiment quarters in Brooklyn and is to the borough of Brooklyn what the "Dandy Seventh" is to Manhattan.

A friend of General Roe intimated that he had made a grave mistake in calling out a swallowtail regiment first, but the commander had made no mistake; he knew his men, and, though many of them have the misfortune to be rich—some of them, perhaps, millionaires—there are very few of us who would mind being so afflicted. The thundering rap at the door, which seemed to loosen the roof, was supplemented by several vicious pulls at the bell, which gave promise of a two dollar and a half job to the bell hanger. "Get up! Get up!" shouted some one on the outside with a voice like a cracked bazoon. "The Twenty-third regiment starts for Albany in an hour. Hurry up; no delay. The city is in the hands of the rioters. Hurry up, Twenty-third, hurry up." After the delivery of his warlike message this modern Paul Revere was lost in the shadows of the night. The sharp and rapid ring of his horse's hoofs was ominous of the nature of his hurry call, which might see life and death trembling in the balance before the morning light.

We have only one boy in the family, and as it was realized that our youthful warrior was the hero who was wanted to go to Albany and knock spots out of the wicked strikers, "his sisters, his cousins and his aunts" set up such a cry that if the strikers could only have heard it at Albany it would have ended the whole business.

But there were no white feathers about the pride of our house when he heard that there was a chance for a scrap, although he had to go 144 miles on a miserable, rainy night to find it. He almost tumbled over himself getting out of bed, gathered his regimental lares and penates on a double quick. He was in such a hurry to get at the strikers that he almost forgot his haversack and he made one good-by do for the whole family, dispensing with the tearful accompaniment usually observed on such occasions, and rushing downstairs, he sprang into the street and starting on a sharp run, reached his armory on Bedford avenue in seventeen minutes and ten seconds. He takes no particular credit to himself for making good time; that's the way they do things in the Twenty-third regiment. He is only a sample brick.

The rest of the story is briefly told It was against the protest of the strikers that soldiers were sent to Albany, it would provoke and offend the strikers. It did not appear to occur to some of those peaceable protestants that a brickbat or a cobblestone might be quite as offensive to a soldier. Unfortunately, two innocent parties were killed who were not connected with the strike, but were merely lookers-on. It is a harsh verdict to pronounce on two innocents who paid the penalty of their mistake with their lives. One wise beyond his day and generation said: "A mistake is a crime." I think it was Napoleon after the battle of Waterloo, speaking of the failure of one of his favorite generals to bring up his reserves at the exact time they were wanted. He failed to do so and the star of Napoleon set that night in darkness and blood, never to rise again. It was the large crowds on the streets that gave the strikers heart. They claimed these quiet peaceable people as their friends and supporters. There were plenty of men and women, too, who stood by on the streets of Albany last week and saw strikers tear an innocent man from his car and trample him to death in the streets. They gave no sign of protest; they uttered no cry of sympathy when a fellow-creature was assassinated in the presence of thousands and in open day.

The arrival of the soldiers gave peaceable citizens assurance of safety for their property and their lives—and forty-eight hours after their arrival the strike was ended. The gratifying feature of the strike's sudden collapse is that both the strikers and the employers are satisfied, each declaring that he had won a substantial victory, and a prominent striker, whose face was wreathed in smiles, declared it to be his firm belief that there would not be another strike in Albany for thirty years. "So mote it be!" He has our best wishes for the fulfillment of his prophecy.

Every thing about our city points to a lively political scrap next fall and already the dry bones rattle—old dyed-in-the-wool war horses, who have been hibernating like bears for the past four years, are crawling out of their dens into the front and asking all whom they happen to meet, what shall we do to be saved? They are mending their fences and putting their households in order, fearing the wrath to come. The fight will be the most bitter and most singular in our political history; men who fought the good fight alongside of Horace Greeley, Wendell Phillips, Lloyd Garrison, and who would have esteemed it an immortal honor to have swung on the same gallows along with old John Brown and thereby earned an abolition canonization and a place in the Pantheon of the olden time abolitionists, where were enshrined their heroic martyrs who left their names indelibly stamped on history's page as synonyms of feedom for all time.

The sleuth hounds of the police still pursue the gamblers with most ecstatic hope, but so far with little results. They have captured several bushels of chips, five or six faro layouts, two wheels of fortune; but the lucky operators had got the straight tip and vanished.

The wrecks of last week's dreadful typhoon on Wall street are drifting by every hour and I am sorry to say that many are respectable women from whom better things might have been expected. They have taken the savings of years, which their husbands thought were securely locked up in the bank. The remorse of these foolish women is terrible, their cries heart-rending, but they will not bring back the money stolen from their husbands and children. In a few days their sin will be discovered and their husbands will know that they have betrayed their trust; and then—what then? I dare not think of it. Confidence lost beyond all hope; love wrecked never to return till the grave closes over their sorrow and remorse.

The citizens' committee of fifteen have been more fortunate than the police in securing testimony on which our district attorney can frame his indictments; and you may expect to have some very choice and interesting reading before the yellowbirds come.

Our controller, Bird S. Coler shows how millions might be saved to the state and three millions be gathered by the city for franchises it has given away instead of a paltry $300,000.

We have not yet reached the millennium but hope to get there if the wind holds. BROADBRIM

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at J. R. Irvine & Co's.

Cuba's Foreign Trade.

A comparative statement made public by the division of insular affairs, war department, shows that the total value of merchandise imported into Cuba during the first ten months of 1900 was $55,149,109 and for the same period of 1899, $54,325,732, an increase of $823,377. The exports of merchandise also showed an increase. The figures for the period stated of 1899 were $40,893,638, while for 1900 they were $41,439,955, or an increase of $546,317. Cuba's trade with the United States shows a decrease of $487,456 in imports, and $6,438,607 in exports. The marked decrease in the value of exports to the United States and an apparently large increase in the exportations to European countries is explained by the war department, in part, by the fact that in the early period of 1899 many shipments of tobacco for Europe were consigned to New York for re-exportation, their final destination not being reported. Hence the United States in that year received credit for a greater amount of this commerce than it was entitled to under the present arrangements for crediting export trade to the country of its final destination.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

International S. S. Lesson for June 2.

JESUS OUR HIGH PRIEST IN HEAVEN.—Heb. 9:11-14, 24-28. Read the chapter.

GOLDEN TEXT—"He ever liveth to make intercession for us"—Heb. 7:25.

Wherefore it behooved Him in all things to be made like unto His brethren, that He might be a merciful and faithful High Priest in things pertaining to God, to make propitiation for the sins of the people. For in that He Himself hath suffered, being tempted, He is able to succor them that are tempted

Having then a great High Priest Who hath passed through the heavens, Jesus the Son of God, let us hold fast our confession. For we have not a high priest that cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities; but one that hath been in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin. Let us therefore draw near with boldness unto the throne of grace, that we may receive mercy and may find grace to help us in the time of need.

God, being minded to shew more abundantly unto the heirs of the promise the immutability of His counsel, interposed with an oath: that by two immutable things, in which it is impossible for God to lie, we may have a strong encouragement, who have fled to refuge to lay hold of the hope set before us; which hope we have as an anchor of the soul, a hope both sure and steadfast and entering into that which is within the veil; whither as a Forerunner Jesus entered for us, having become a High Priest forever after the order of Melchizedek.

Jesus, because He abideth for ever, hath His Priesthood unchangeable, wherefore also He is able to save to the uttermost them that draw near unto God through Him, seeing He ever liveth to make intercession for them.

Now in the things which we are saying the chief point is this: We have such a High Priest, Who sat down on the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens, a Minister of the sanctuary, and of the true tabernacle, which the Lord pitched, not man.

For Christ entered not into a holy place made with hands, like in pattern to the true; but into heaven itself, now to appear before the face of God for us; nor yet that He should offer Himself often; as the high priest entereth into the holy place year by year with blood not his own; else must He often have suffered since the foundation of the world, but now once at the end of the ages hath He been manifested to put away sin by the sacrifice of Himself. And inasmuch as it is appointed unto men once to die, and after this cometh judgment; so Christ also, having been once offered to bear the sins of many, shall appear a second time, apart from sin, to them that wait for Him, unto salvation.

Having therefore, brethren, boldness to enter into the holy place by the blood of Jesus, by the way which He dedicated for us, a new and living way, through the veil, that is to say, His flesh; and having a Great Priest over the house of God, let us draw near with a true heart in fulness of faith, having our hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience and our body washed with pure water; let us hold fast the confession of our hope that it waver not; for He is faithful that promised; and let us consider one another to provoke unto love and good works, not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the custom of some is, but exhorting one another; and so much the more, as ye see the day drawing nigh.

STRAWS FOR REORGANIZERS.

The Heresies(?) of the Progressive Democrats of San Francisco and Chicago.

In an article in the Chicago American Hon. J. G. Johnson, of Kansas, chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic national committee, says:

The assistant Republicans with Democratic antecedents who have set themselves the task of reorganizing the Democratic party to suit their peculiarly "conservative" theories will doubtless "view with alarm" the heresies of the progressive Democrats of San Francisco and Chicago.

The new charter of San Francisco is admitted on all hands to be the most radical municipal code yet adopted by any metropolitan city in America. It provides for absolute home rule, for public ownership of monopolies and utilities, for adequate compensation to the city for the use of privileges and franchises, and, by a referendum system, that the people shall pass in advance upon proposed grants of important franchises for all purposes.

The Democratic party in San Francisco indorsed and supported this charter, and after its adoption re-indorsed it and elected the first mayor to administer its provisions, and has been, through Mayor Phelan, administering the city's affairs in accordance with its terms ever since its adoption, and apparently to the entire satisfaction of Democrats of all shades of belief.

Within a few days the Democrats of Chicago have renominated their popular mayor on a platform which declares for home rule, municipal ownership of all public utilities, including street railways, gas and electric lights, no use of public privileges by private corporations without ample compensation, and the adoption of the referendum system as a check on vicious legislation.

Mayor Harrison, on this platform, will receive, as he should, the cordial support of every Chicago Democrat.

Democrats everywhere recognize these principles as being luminous with the purest Democracy. They harmonize with and emphasize such time-honored Democratic maxims as "economical government," "special privileges to none" and "the preservation of power in the hands of the people," and no consistent Democrat will advocate a purely local application of these salutary policies. * * *

These principles are in the platform of the Democracy of Chicago and San Francisco to stay. They will not be "reorganized" out. They are in the hearts of the Democracy in the state and nation as well, and woe to the "reorganizer" who is wilfully or ignorantly blind to the fact.

Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom Consumption and bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal diseases, have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the diseases which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale by all druggists.

Reduced Rates to San Francisco.

On account of the fifth international convention of the Epworth League, to be held in San Francisco July 18 to 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell, July 4 to 12, from all stations on its line, excursion tickets to San Francisco at greatly reduced rates. For specific information regarding rates, routes and conditions of tickets apply to ticket agents.

Gold Medal highest award to HARPER whisky at Paris, 1900; Chicago, 1893; New Orleans, 1885. Good as gold anywhere, any time. We'd like your expert opinion.

SOLD BY
R. J. Wertz, Bedford, Pa.;
John Eichelberger, Hopewell, Pa.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.
feb9('00)y1.

Low-Rate Tour to the Pacific Coast.

The Pennsylvania railroad personally-conducted tour to San Francisco and the Pacific coast, leaving New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg by special train of Pullman sleeping, dining and observation cars, July 8, will not be confined to delegates to the Epworth League convention, which will be held in San Francisco from July 18 to 21, but will be run for the benefit of all who desire to visit California and the Canadian northwest during the summer season. Stops will be made at Denver, Colorado Springs, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Monterey, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, San Jose, Portland, Seattle, Banff Hot Springs, St. Paul and other interesting points en route. The round-trip rate from all points on the Pennsylvania railroad east of Pittsburg, $188.50, covers transportation, double Pullman berth and meals in dining car; two persons in a berth, each, $168 50. Rates from Pittsburg, $5 less. The tour will cover a period of thirty days. Persons desiring, may return independently from San Francisco by various routes at proportionately low rates. For further information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Philadelphia.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 16th day of December, A. D., 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
{ SEAL } *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.



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Question of Age.**

Troubles of vision are liable to occur at any age. The only thing to do, when trouble comes, is to procure expert advice.

A brief but thorough examination, which will cost you nothing, will enable us to help you in any defect of vision.

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The new ingatherings this week in summer dress goods are immense, both in variety of colorings and weaves. Heaps of special values are now on our counters and shelves. Don't buy too quick. Wait and look around before you make your purchase.

Our Shirt Waists for ladies have created quite a sensation. We suppose it's because they are pretty, perfect fitting, and moderate priced. Our Spring and Summer line of **Oxford Ties** are deserving your attention. Tennis Shoes for Men and Boys. Ask to see our Famous Favorite Shoe for Ladies and Misses. Every pair is strictly guaranteed to be of the highest grade, solid sole leather counters and inner soles. A premium will be paid for all paper or wood filling you can find in our Favorite Shoes. The prices of Ladies' begin at $1.25, Misses' at 50c, Little Gents' at $1.10, Youths' at $1.25. Cut these prices out and bring them along when you want shoes and see if we are true.

Heintz Spiced Pickles, 8c dozen, 2 dozen for 15c.



"It is a mystery I wish some scientific man would explain."
"What do you mean?"
"How such a hot-tempered woman as my wife can have such cold feet."

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

BEDFORD DIVISION and HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

In effect May 27, 1901

NORTH.		STATIONS.	SOUTH.	
p. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.
2 50	8.10	...Cumberland...	12.05	9.40
3.06	8.24	...State Line Jc...	11.49	9.25
3.20	8.32	...Hyndman...	11.35	9.10
f3.30	f8.47	...Fossilville...	f11.27	f9 04
f3.40	8.56	...Bard...	f11.15	f8 55
3.44	9.00	...Buffalo Mills...	11.12	f8.51
f3.50	f9.05	...Sulphur Springs...	f11.05	f
3 54	9.10	...Mann's Choice...	11.01	8.41
f4.00	f9 15	...Napier...	f10.53	f8.35
f4.04	f9.19	...Wolfsburg...	f10.49	f8.31
4.10	9.25	...Bedford...	10.43	8.25
f4.13	f9.29	...Cliffs...	f10.39	f8.21
f4.19	f9.35	...Hartley...	f10.35	f8.17
f4.21	f9.37	...Lutzville...	f10.33	f8.15
f4.25	f9.41	...Ashcom...	f10.29	f8.11
4.30	9.45	...Mt. Dallas...	10.20	8.05
4.33	9.48	...Everett...	10.17	8.02
f4.40	f9.56	...Tatesville...	10.07	f7.54
f4.49	f10.05	...Cypher...	9.54	f7.45
4.57	10 13	...Hopewell...	9.45	7.37
5.01	10.17	...Riddlesburg...	9.40	7.33
5.13	10 29	Ar...Saxton...Lv	9 28	7.21
4.20		...Lv...Dudley...Ar.	10.05	....
4.35		...Coalmont...	9.50	....
4.50		...Ar...Saxton...Lv.	9.35	....
5.13	10.29	Lv...Saxton...Ar.	9.28	7.21
5.34	10.50	...Entriken...	9.07	7.00
5.41	10.57	...Markleesburg...	9.00	6.53
5.50	11.06	...Grafton...	8.50	6.44
5.55	11.10	...McConnellstown...	8.45	6.40
6.06	11.20	...Huntingdon...	8.35	6 30
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m
6.22	11.25	Lv. Huntingdon. Ar.	7.17	3.17
7.35	12 5)	Ar...Altoona...	3.25	2.06
11.30	3.50	...Pittsburg...	3.00	.....
7 10	12 03	Lv. Huntingdon Ar.	6.03	6.22
10.00	2.40	Ar...Harrisburg Lv.	3.00	3.46
	p. m.		p. m.	
4.25	5 47	...Philadelphia...	11.20	12.25
				a. m.
7.13	8.08	...New York...	8.00	9.30
		(Desbrosses and Cortland Streets)		
7.15	8.16	...New York...	7.55	9.25
		(West Twenty-third Street Station)		

SUNDAY TRAINS.

	a. m		p. m	
......	8 00	...Huntingdon...	5 15	..
......	8 10	...McConnellstown...	6 05	...
......	8 16	...Grafton...	6 00	...
......	8 25	...Markleesburg...	5 50	...
......	8 32	...Entriken...	5 44	...
......	8 38	...Beaver...	5 38	...
......	8 42	...Cove...	5 31	...
......	8 55	...Saxton...	5 20	...
......	9 06	...Riddlesburg...	5 10	...
......	9 12	...Hopewell...	5 05	...
......	9 20	...Cypher...	4 55	..
......	9 30	...Tatesville...	4 46	..
......	9 37	...Everett...	4 38	..
......	9 40	...Mt. Dallas...	4 35	..
......	9 42	...Ashcom...	4 32	..
......	9 45	...Lutzville...	4 30	..
......	9 48	...Hartley...	4 28	....
......	9 52	...Cliffs...	4 24	....
......	9 55	...Bedford...	4 20	....

Trains leave Huntingdon for Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg, 6.00, 11.15 A. M., 2.01, 2.2 6.22 and 8.20 P. M. daily; f 12.58 night (except Monday.)

For Harrisburg and the East, 5.37 A. M. week days, and 7.17 8.25 A. M., 12.03, 12.35, 3.17, 7.1 10 12 P. M., f 1 58 night daily.

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West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Ry.

In Effect May 20, 1900.

Southward. Northward

No. 3	No. 1	STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4
P. M.	A. M.		Noon	P. M
x 3 15	x 7 00	Lv...Cumberland...Ar.	x12 00	r7 00
3 43	7 29	...Rawlings...	11 31	6 30
4 06	7 52	...Keyser...	11 08	6 06
4 16	8 05	...Westernport...	1 58	5 57
4 20	8 09	...W. Va. C. Jct...	10 51	5 50
4 45	8 35	...Shaw...	10 28	5 52
5 08	9 00	...Harrison...	x10 06	x5 06
o 5 10	o 9 50	Ar...Elk Garden...Lv.	o 8 10	o
x 5 41	x 9 35	Lv...Gorman...	x 9 35	x4 31
5 47	9 42	...Bayard...	9 29	4 25
5 59	9 54	...Dobbin...	9 19	4 16
6 06	9 58	...Henry...	9 15	4 11
6 27	10 27	...Thomas...	8 48	3 47
6 15	10 55	Ar...Davis...Lv.	7 56	
6 31	10 34	Lv...Cokeston...	8 41	3 40
6 59	11 01	...Hendricks...	8 10	3 10
7 02	11 04	...Hambleton...	8 07	3 07
7 05	11 07	...Bretz...	8 03	3 03
7 08	11 10	...Parsons...	8 00	3 00
43	11 45	...Kerens...	7 26	2 26
8 00	12 00	Ar...Elkins...Lv.	7 10	2 15
P. M.	Noon		A. M.	P. M
	o12 40	Ar...Beverly...Lv.		o 1
	P. M.			P. M
	o 3 05	Ar...Belington...Lv.		o11 30
	P. M.			A. M

x Daily. o Daily except Sunday.

C. L. BRETZ, Gen. Manager. W. H. BOWER, Asst. Gen. Manager.

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We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

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Executor's Notice.

[ESTATE OF MICHAEL HILLEGASS, LATE OF JUNIATA TOWNSHIP, DECEASED]

Letters testamentary having been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Michael Hillegass, late of Juniata township, deceased, all persons owing said estate will make prompt payment and all persons having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement

JNO. H. JORDAN, Attorney. S. W. BITTNER, Executor.
may10

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c. and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists.

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BEDFORD, PA
Office in Ridenour Block. oct28'98

Frank Fletcher,
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Office on Public Square.

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Will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him. nov15'95

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SOME CURIOUS CHURCHES.

Congregations Which Meet In Inns, Windmills and Boats.

A public house is one of the last places one would expect to be used as a place of worship. The inhabitants of Twyford, a village near Winchester, would not consider this at all a novelty, because for several years past the Phœnix inn has been used Sunday for religious purposes. The room in which the religious services are held will comfortably hold about 200 people and opens at the back on to a pretty tea garden. The most remarkable feature of the services is that they are often conducted while the public house is open for business purposes, and the customers can join in the singing if they are so disposed.

There are two or three instances of public houses which have been converted into churches, and there are also two or three theaters which are now places of worship. The Fen district possesses a canalboat church. There are a large number of people who live some distance away from any church, and the canalboat church travels from place to place for the benefit of such folk. The boat will seat a congregation of about 100.

The old chapel of ease at Tunbridge Wells has a unique situation. It stands in two counties and three parishes. When the clergyman leaves the vestry, he comes out of the parish of Frant of Sussex. If he is going to officiate at the altar, he walks into the parish of Tunbridge, in Kent. If, on the other hand, he is going to preach the sermon, he walks from the parish of Frant to the parish of Speldhurst on his way to the pulpit.

The chapel at Milton Bryant is situated in the village pond. The reason for the selection of this strange site was because no landowner would would grant any other position.

The "windmill" church near Reigate is familiar to London cyclists. Not so familiar is the underground church at Brighton. Owing to some "ancient lights" difficulty, the authorities could not "build up," and as the site was a good one they decided to "build down."—London Mail.

USING HIS WITS.

Showing How People May Be Guided by Inference.

"You see," said the man with the bulging forehead and prominent nose, "if people would only be guided more by inference it would save lots of useless trouble."

"I don't understand you," said the man who had been tickling a pimple on his chin.

"Why, for instance, I passed a frozen pond one winter day. On the ice I saw a pair of skates, a boy's cap and a mitten. Out in the middle of the pond the ice was broken. Did I jump to the conclusion that a boy had been drowned and raise a great hullabaloo about it?"

"Of course you did, or else you ought to be prosecuted. You don't mean to say you passed on and said nothing?"

"I do," calmly replied the man of the forehead. "I inferred instead of jumping to a false conclusion."

"But you had to infer that the boy was under the ice," protested the other.

"Not a bit of it. If the boy had fallen in, the skates and cap and mittens would have gone with him. I simply inferred that he had seen a rabbit and given chase. I was right too. In the course of five minutes I met him on the road."

"Oh, you did! And maybe you inferred something else."

"Of course I did. As he had the nosebleed, I inferred that he had fallen over a log in the chase and got left, and he admitted that such was the case."

"Then you ought to have wound up the performance by inferring whether it was a male or female rabbit."

"It wasn't necessary, my captious friend. As I passed on I found the rabbit, dead from overexertion, and it was a male."—Washington Post.

Historical Divisions of Time.

For convenience time is, by historians, usually divided into three great eras—ancient, mediæval (or middle) and modern. The ancient period is considered to extend from the earliest times down to the fall of the Roman empire in the west in A. D. 476; the mediæval from that date to the discovery of America by Columbus in 1492 and the modern from that time to the present. Some historians prefer to put the end of the mediæval period at the capture of Constantinople by the Turks, about 40 years earlier than the Columbus event. The dark ages are often held to be coeval with the mediæval era, but some authorities think that the term should be applied only to the part of the era extending from the downfall of the empire of Charlemagne, in the ninth century, onward.

An Absurd Superstition.

A popular belief is that the sound produced by a little insect known as a "death watch" portends the death of some relative or friend. That the noise made by this little creature resembles the ticking of a watch is undisputed, but that it in anywise foretells the dissolution of a human being is absurd. Observation has established the fact that these little insects infest decaying timber and posts, and that the peculiar noise is caused by them in gnawing and boring through the rotten wood fibers in quest of food.

Then and Now.

In these days of cheap literature, when the masterpieces of English writers can be had for 6d., it is interesting to note that just 1,000 years ago the Countess of Anjou gave 200 sheep, one load of wheat, one load of rye and one load of millet for a volume of sermons written by a German monk.—London Standard.

THE GAZETTE is seven days ahead of them all.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a ***pound a day*** by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

HEADACHE

Pain back of your eyes? Heavy pressure in your head? And are you sometimes faint and dizzy? Is your tongue coated? Bad taste in your mouth? And does your food distress you? Are you nervous and irritable? Do you often have the blues? And are you troubled about sleeping?

Then your liver is all wrong.

But there is a cure. 'Tis the old reliable

Ayer's Pills

They act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, and dyspepsia. Take a laxative dose each night. For 60 years years they have been the Standard Family Pills.

Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills regularly for six months. They have cured me of a severe headache, and I can now walk from two to four miles without getting tired or out of breath, something I have not been able to do for many years."
S. E. WALWORK,
July 13, 1899. Salem, Mass.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply without cost. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Why Buchanan Never Married.

"Mr. Buchanan, who was the first bachelor elected to the presidency, was 65 years of age when elected and had deliberately given himself to a life of celibacy," writes William Perrine in The Ladies' Home Journal.

"In the days when he was a young lawyer of Lancaster, Pa., he had loved Miss Coleman, a beautiful daughter of a citizen of that town. They had been engaged to be married, when one day he was surprised to receive from her a request to release her from the promise. According to Mr. George Ticknor Curtis, the separation originated in a misunderstanding on the part of the lady, who was unusually sensitive, over some small matter exaggerated by giddy and indiscreet tongues. Soon after the estrangement she was sent to Philadelphia and there died suddenly.

"Throughout the rest of his life, or for nearly half a century, Mr. Buchanan is not known to have revealed to anybody the circumstances of this romantic tragedy. He would only say that it had changed his hopes and plans and had led him more deeply than ever into politics as a distraction from his grief. In his old age, long after he had retired permanently to private life, he called attention to a package containing, he said, the papers and relics which would explain the causes of his youthful sorrow and which he preserved evidently with the idea of revealing them before his death. But when he died and his will was read it was found that he had directed that the package should be burned without being opened, and his injunction was obeyed."

Irish Lacemaking.

After the famine of 1847 lacemaking was revived in Ireland. Limerick, the most successful Irish lace, is not really a lace at all. It is tambour work upon net and muslin.

The Irish point, so called, is the ancient cut work, being made in quite the same way.

Net was first made by machinery in 1768. The machine was an adaptation of the stocking loom to lacemaking and was cumbrous and not very effective. In 1809 John Heathcote, a farmer's son, evolved from consciousness and experience the first machine to make true bobbinet with perfect six sided holes. It brought a great hue and cry about his ears from laceworkers, who fancied they saw themselves thus reduced to beggary.

The Luddites broke into the factory where the machines were first set up and made scrap iron and kindling wood of them. The only result was to drive the new manufacture to other and safer quarters. For long the secret of the machine's construction was most jealously guarded by English manufacturers. Not satisfied with letters patent they kept up a coast patrol to make sure that nobody took model or drawings to France.

At last, though, they were outwitted. A discharged workman who had the plan of it in his mind managed to get safe over sea and build a machine in France.

Sort of a Cannibal.

An old farmer for many years got his dinner on market days at a small hotel kept by a widow.

She had long suspected that he ate more than the price (1s. 6d.) warranted, so she determined to test him. She accordingly arranged matters so that there was no room for him at table, but she took him into a private room the table of which was graced by a steaming leg of mutton. He set to in good earnest, and soon nothing was left but the bones.

Highly delighted with his cheap feed, on passing the bar he tendered 2 shillings for his dinner and a quart of ale.

The widow declined to take any payment on the ground of having inconvenienced him so much.

Chuckling to himself, the farmer lifted down his market basket from a hook, and, finding it rather light, he tore off the covering and shouted:

"Here, Mrs. Brown, where's my leg o' mutton?"

"Why, ye old silly," said the widow, "ye have ate your leg for your dinner!"—London Answers.

Conversion Through Pork.

An old Cambridge friend of mine who had a good deal of the wisdom of the serpent in him had a farmer in his parish in Norfolk whom he could not get to church. Whenever he pressed upon him his neglect or his bad example he was always met with the same excuse, "You be too young and do not know enough to teach such as I." At last he gave up the farmer in despair. But one day he happened to pass by the farm while his parishioner was engaged in killing a fine pig. My friend said: "What a pig! Why, he weighs 34 stone!" "What dost thou know of pigs?" replied the farmer. "I only wish he weighed as much." When they next met, the farmer, to his surprise, told my friend that the pig had been found to weight just 34 stone. He added, much to my friend's gratification, "And thou wilt see me at church next Sunday, parson."—Manchester Guardian.

ENGLAND'S FIRST SHIP.

Great Harry Was the Country's Premier Fighting Machine.

Of the first ship, properly speaking, of the British navy, known as the Great Harry, the following particulars are given in an old number of the Mechanic's Magazine, dated Oct. 25, 1823:

The Great Harry was built by King Henry VII at a cost of £14,000, and was burned at Woolwich, through accident, in 1553.

Though King Henry, as well as other princes, hired many ships, exclusive of those which the different seaports were obliged to furnish, he seems thus to have been the first king who thought of avoiding this inconvenience by raising such a force as might be at all times sufficient for the service of the state. Historians tell us that he caused his navy, which had been neglected in the preceding reign, to be put in a condition to protect the British coasts against all foreign invasions, and that in the midst of profound peace he always kept up a fleet ready to act.

In August, 1512, the Regent, a ship of 1,000 tons, which was at that time the largest vessel in the British navy, was burned, and to replace it the Great Harry, or, as it was also known, the Henry Grace de Dieu, was built in 1515.

The vessel, of about 1,000 tons burden, was manned by 349 soldiers, 301 marines and 50 gunners. She had four masts and portholes on both decks and in other parts.

Before the time of her construction the cannon were placed above deck and on the prow and poop. One Decharges, a French builder at Brest, is said to have invented portholes.

In a list of the British navy, as it stood on Jan. 5, 1548, the Great Harry is said to have carried 19 brass and 103 iron pieces of ordnance.

The name of the ship is supposed to have been changed in the reign of Edward VI to Edward, which, on Aug. 26, 1552, was reported to be still "in good case to serve," and was ordered "to be grounded and calked once a year to keep it tight."—Cassier's Magazine.

BILLIARD CUES.

How They Are Made—America Furnishes the Best.

"Most billiard cues," said a New York manufacturer the other day, "are made in two pieces—the cue proper and the handle. The cue is made generally of maple, and the butt, which is wedge shaped, is inserted into a handle of rosewood, snakewood, ebony, mahogany, walnut or some other fancy dark wood, which is cut to dovetail with the long part.

"The maple wood used in making the handles is sawed into suitable lengths and seasoned. The logs are then split into pieces from which the handles are made. These pieces are called bolts. The bolts are sawed approximately to the shape of the handle to be finally made, and in this shape they are handle blocks. The handle block is turned to the shape of the handle in a lathe, and when the butt has been fitted it is finished and polished.

"The finest and best cues are fitted to the handle or butt by means of a double wedge. At the top of the cue is a ferrule of ivory, of horn or bone, in which the leather tip is fitted. While the ivory ferrule is the most expensive, of course it is less durable than the horn or bone ferrules, which are less liable to crack. The extra workmanship on cues is put in on the butts, some of which are elaborately inlaid and carved in beautiful patterns

"There are a number of billiard players who will not permit another person to use their cues, and for the use of these particular players cues are turned out from which the tips may be unscrewed, leaving the cue with unfinished points and useless.

"American billiard cues are the lightest, strongest and neatest made anywhere in the world. They are made in all weights and lengths and rank in price from 30 cents to $25 and more each, according to the quality and finish of the article.—Washington Star.

The Lesson He Wanted.

In his autobiography, "Up From Slavery," Booker T. Washington tells an amusing anecdote of an old colored man who during the days of slavery wanted to learn how to play on the guitar. In his desire to take guitar lessons he applied to one of his young masters to teach him. But the young man, not having much faith in the ability of the slave to master the guitar at his age, sought to discourage him by telling him: "Uncle Jake, I will give you guitar lessons. But, Jake, I will have to charge you $3 for the first lesson, $2 for the second lesson and $1 for the third lesson. But I will charge you only 25 cents for the last lesson."

Uncle Jake answered: "All right, boss, I hires you on dem terms. But, boss, I wants yer to be sure an give me dat las' lesson first."

A Startler.

A gentleman whose hearing is defective is the owner of a dog that is the terror of the neighborhood in which he lives.

The other day he was accosted by a friend, who said:

"Good morning, Mr. H. Your wife made a very pleasant call on us last evening."

"I'm very sorry," came the startling reply. "I'll see that it don't occur again, for I'm going to chain her up in future."—London Telegraph.

Why She Wore It.

He (to the young widow)—Why do you wear such a heavy veil? I thought that you had an objection to ostentatious mourning.

She—Oh, it is only to hide my smiles.—New York Sun.

The White Shark.

The shark of sharks, the real "man eater" and the one most dreaded, is the white shark. This variety reaches a length of 35 feet and a weight of 2,000 pounds. Its head is long and flat, and the snout far overhangs the mouth. Its six rows of teeth are sharp as lancets and notched like saws. Its mouth is very large, so that one has been known to cut a man's body completely in two at a single snap of its cruel jaws and another to swallow one at a gulp. Near Calcutta one of these sharks was seen to swallow a bullock's head, horns and all.

From the stomach of another a bull's hide was taken entire, and the sailor who made the discovery insisted that the bull had been swallowed whole and all except the hide had been digested. From the stomach of another was taken a lady's workbox, filled with the usual contents, scissors and all. It is commonly the white shark which follows the vessel at sea day after day and week after week.

Shudders At His Past.

"I recall now with horror," says Mail Carrier Burnett Mann, of Levanna, O., "my three years of suffering from Kidney trouble. I was hardley ever free from dull aches or acute pains in my back. To stoop or lift mail sacks made me groan. I felt tired, worn out, about ready to give up, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but six bottles completely cured me and made me feel like a new man." They're unrivaled to regulate Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by J. R. Irvine & Co. Only 50 cents.

Help for Women Who Are Always Tired.

"I do not feel very well, I am so tired all the time."

You hear these words every day; as often as you meet your friends just so often are these words repeated. More than likely you speak the same significant words yourself, and no doubt you do feel far from well most of the time.

Mrs. Ella Rice, of Chelsea, Wis., whose portrait we publish, writes that she suffered for two years with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and had all kinds of miserable feelings,



MRS. ELLA RICE.

all of which was caused by falling and inflammation of the womb, and after doctoring with physicians and numerous medicines she was entirely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you are troubled with pains, fainting spells, depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere, headache, backache, and always tired, please remember that there is an absolute remedy which will relieve you of your suffering as it did Mrs. Rice. Proof is monumental that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine for suffering women.

The Torture of a Flax Shirt.

The most trying ordeal that Booker T. Washington was forced to endure as a slave boy was the wearing of a flax shirt. In his autobiography, "Up From Slavery," he says:

"In the portion of Virginia where I lived it was common to use flax as part of the clothing for slaves. That part of the flax from which our clothing was made was largely the refuse, which of course was the cheapest and roughest part. I can scarcely imagine any torture except perhaps the pulling of a tooth that is equal to that caused by pulling on a new flax shirt for the first time. It is almost equal to the feeling that one would experience if he had a dozen or more chestnut burs or a hundred small pin points in contact with the flesh. Even to this day I can recall accurately the tortures that I underwent when pulling on one of these garments. The fact that my flesh was soft and tender added to the pain. But I had no choice. I had to wear the flax shirt or none, and had it been left to me to choose I should have chosen to wear no covering.

"In connection with the flax shirt my brother John, who is several years older than I am, performed one of the most generous acts that I ever heard of one slave relative doing for another. On several occasions when I was being forced to wear a new flax shirt he generously agreed to put it on in my stead and wear it for several days till it was 'broken in.' Until I had grown to be quite a youth this single garment was all that I wore."

The Resin Eaters.

"Resin eating," said a south Georgia doctor, "is a habit acquired by the Cracker settlers who live in the neighborhood of a turpentine still. The resin they use isn't the hard, shiny resin of commerce, but has been dipped out of the cooking caldron at an early stage of the process, and when it cools it can be kneaded between the fingers like wax. The backwoods resin eater will bite off an immense chunk and chew it placidly until it disappears. The heat of the mouth keeps it fairly soft, but if the chewing becomes too deliberate it is apt to 'set,' as they say, and cement the victim's jaws together in a grip of iron.

"On one occasion a big, rawboned backwoodsman who used to hang around a still I operated came rushing into my little office, clutching his face in both hands and making a horrible gurgling noise in his throat. 'What on earth is the matter?' I asked in alarm. 'His rosum's sot,' said another Cracker, who brought up the rear. I was nonplused at first, but finally grasped the fact that the man had been chewing a monstrous slab of resin and had thoughtlessly suspended operations long enough to allow it to solidify and clamp his teeth like a vice. We finally pried his mouth open with a chisel and broke a couple of molars in the operation. Next day I saw him chewing again."—Exchange.

Antiquity of Man.

From a review in Science of De Mortillet's great work on prehistoric times the following is condensed. Twelve chapters are devoted to the question of tertiary man. It is concluded that while man did not exist during this period, precursors of man more intelligent than any of the living anthropoids did exist.

Pithecanthropus erectus is considered as the immediate precursor of man. The Calaveras skull is rejected. The paleolithic period is considered as corresponding to the early quarternary, and 222,000 years is assigned as the length of this period. Add to this number 10,000 years for the protohistoric and neolithic periods and 6,000 years more for the historic period, and we have 238,000 years, which is, according to the authors, a moderate estimate of man's antiquity.

A Policy Approved.

"No," said the policeman kindly, but firmly, "you cannot photograph that statue."

"Why not?" asked the tourist.

"Because it is against the law."

The tourist looked at the statue in question, a massive piece of contract work, and then answered:

"Well, I don't blame you. It's always decenter for people to keep their troubles to themselves instead of letting them be advertised all over the country."—Washington Star.

What Puzzles Young America.

It is a puzzle to the modern youth how so many old duffers managed to get along in the world without the knowledge of things in general possessed by the modern youth.—Boston Transcript.

Miss Florence Newman, who has been a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism, says Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the only remedy that affords her relief. Miss Newman is a much respected resident of the village of Gray, N. Y., and makes this statement for the benefit of others similarly afflicted. This liniment is for sale by all druggists

BUCHANAN, MICH., May 22.
Genessee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:
Gentlemen:—My mama has been a great coffee drinker and has found it very injurious. Having used several packages of your GRAIN-O, the drink that takes the place of coffee, she finds it much better for herself and for us children to drink. She has given up coffee drinking entirely. We use a package every week. I am ten years old.
Yours respectfully, FANNIE WILLIAMS.

LINCOLN ADOPTED IT.

His Famous Phrase, "Of the People," Originated by Theodore Parker.

William H. Herndon, Lincoln's law partner, knew Theodore Parker well and had much correspondence with him, and after the Lincoln-Douglas debate he came on to Boston and saw Parker and other antislavery men with an eye to Lincoln's political prospects. Going back to Springfield, he took with him some of Parker's newer sermons and addresses. "One of them," he says in his "Abraham Lincoln," "was a lecture on 'The Effect of Slavery on the American People,' which was delivered in the Music hall, Boston, and which I gave to Lincoln, who read and returned it. He liked especially the following expression, which he marked with a pencil and which he in substance afterward used in his Gettysburg address: 'Democracy is direct self government, over all the people, by all the people, for all the people.'" The address referred to (Parker's last great antislavery address) was delivered July 4, 1858.

Here, I submit, was the probable origin of Lincoln's phrase. In one variant or another it was a great favorite with Parker, often taking the exact form that Lincoln gave it, with his sure intuition of the best where there was any choice of words. In a speech delivered by Parker in 1850 we find it imbedded in a passage which might have been the inspiration of Seward's famous "irrepressible conflict" or Lincoln's "house divided against itself," a view to which Parker continually recurred. In two other speeches it stands "government of all the people, by all the people, for all the people." Its earliest appearance that I have discovered in his writings is in a letter to Rev. Samuel J. May in 1848, where it is simply "government of all, by all, for all."—Review of Reviews.

Laughter.

Laughter is a positive sweetness of life; but, like good coffee, it should be well cleared of deleterious substance before use. Ill will and malice and the desire to wound are worse than chicory. Between a laugh and a giggle there is the width of the horizons. I could sit all day and listen to the hearty and heartsome ha, ha, of a lot of bright and jolly people, but would rather be shot than be forced to stay within earshot of a couple of silly gossips. Cultivate that part of your nature that is quick to see the mirthful side of things, so you shall be enabled to shed many of life's troubles, as the plumage of the bird sheds the rain. But discourage all tendencies to seek your amusement at the expense of another's feelings or in aught that is impure. It was Goethe who said, "Tell me what a man laughs at and I will read you his character."

The First Millionaire.

Who was the first millionaire? Solomon? But come down to earth in modern times. Solomon's wealth was fiction, like that of Crœsus, Midas and the rest. Perhaps you remember Pope's lines—

When Hopkins dies, a thousand lights attend
The wretch who, living, saved a candle end.

John Hopkins was generally known as "Vulture" Hopkins from his rapacious method of acquiring money. He was the architect of his own fortune, dying worth $1,500,000 in 1732.—New York Press.

Risking Life

To make a living! And we stand and stare up at the man in the clouds, wondering that any man can be so foolhardy. But what of the business man, who has barely time to snatch a hasty meal, and gulps down a lunch of pie and milk in a few minutes? He too, is risking his life to make a living. Life is sustained by food properly digested and assimilated. The result of hasty eating and irregular meals is "weak" stomach, and a "weak" stomach means a weak man. When the stomach is "weak" the food eaten is not properly digested and cannot be perfectly assimilated, so that there is a daily loss of nutrition, which in time will result in physical collapse.



Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the assimilation of all the nutritive values of the food eaten, and so builds up the body into sound health and strength.

Mr. Ned Nelson, the celebrated Irish Comedian and Mimic, of 577 Royden Street, Camden, N. J., writes: "We fulfilled an engagement of twelve weeks and the constant traveling gave me a bad touch of that dreaded disease called dyspepsia. I had tried everything possible to cure it till last week, while playing at B. F. Keith's Bijou Theater, Philadelphia, in the Nelson Trio, a professional friend of mine advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I tried it, and, thank God, with good results."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Willing to Hear of It.

A Methodist critic, wishing to put his bishop "in a hole," or, as Dr. William Everett would say, "to deposit him in a cavity," asked in open meeting whether or not the bishop came to the conference in a Pullman car.

"Yes," the bishop cheerfully replied. "Do you know any easier way?"—Boston Christian Register.

Not Peculiar.

Tess—I see a notice in the paper of the wedding of Mrs. Nubride.

Jess—Yes; I know her very well.

Tess—Do you? What was her maiden name?

Jess—I suppose her maiden aim was to get married.—Philadelphia Press.

The Song of the Grouse.

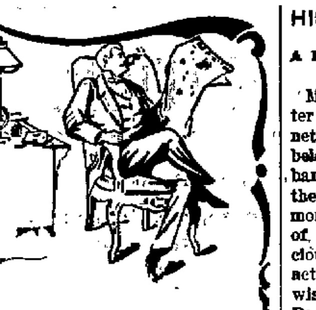
Certain birds when the period of courtship comes round repair to particular trysting places and announce their presence there by well known calls or signals.

The ruffed grouse, as every one knows, seeks an old log or other convenient perch and drums with his wings, a hint to any lady grouse within hearing that "Barkis is willin."

The performance of the grouse is one frequently heard, but comparatively seldom seen, and for many years there were numerous conflicting theories concerning the means by which the drumming was produced. Some said that the sound was vocal, and others declared that the grouse struck the log with its wings. Even today the precise cause of the sound is not known, for, although the bird has been closely watched, its wing movements are so rapid that it is next to impossible to tell exactly what takes place. This much, however, is known: During the performance, the grouse stands upon the leg or other perch and strikes the air in front of his body somewhat after the manner of an elated barnyard cock. The first few strokes are measured, but they become faster and faster until the individual thumps are lost, as in the rolling of a drum. Whether the sound is due entirely to beating of the air or whether it is increased by the striking together of the wing tips is a question yet to be settled.—Hartford Times.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.



When a man is tortured with back ache or lame back he doesn't want to experiment with new and untried remedies.

He realizes that the backache is kidney ache.

The lame back virtually means lame kidneys, and he knows that there's very serious trouble in store if he doesn't get his kidneys to do their duty. In his trouble he naturally turns to

Doan's Kidney Pills

Others all around him have been cured of kidney complaint by this wonderful little remedy. He has the testimony of others to guide him. He KNOWS that Doan's Kidney Pills WILL cure, no matter what form of kidney complaint he may have.

He learns this by reading emphatic evidence like the following:

Mr. John G. Benford, of 423 Horner street, engineer at the "Plane," Johnstown, says:

"I told the residents of Johnstown through our local papers in 1895 that the pain across my kidneys and right over the hips was always acutest in the morning when getting out of bed and for some time afterwards. Trouble with the kidney secretions followed and it got so serious that I became alarmed. Physicians pronounced it the result of typhoid fever which I had contracted sometime previous and I was treated for it by them, but received little if any benefit. As a last resort I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They gave me relief right away, finally cured me and I have had no return of my old complaint up to date."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

THE OCEAN SCORCHER.

He Who Brags About How Many Times He Has "Crossed."

The ocean scorcher, the woman or man who was forever bragging about how many times he had "crossed," is, thank heaven, on the decrease. Fashion has at last set the seal of her disapproval on him, and he is rapidly becoming obsolete. The fashion is now never to mention the number of times one has been to Europe. "The last time I was over" is the way to refer to an over the water experience if you wish to be in the vogue. Of course you may, if you truthfully can, say "the time before last I was over" or "the tenth time I crossed" or "during my seventh trip through Europe," but a great majority, you will find, say "the last time I was over." It is safer—when one has been over but once.

Pin many of these travelers so fond of relating their European experiences down to the figures, and you will find that "the last time I was over" bears a close relation to the little boy who said he was next to the head of his class, to have it transpire later that the class consisted of himself and a little girl. "The last time I was over" may, like as not, have been the first. Still anything is better than the ocean scorcher and his bragging. To him it didn't matter where he hadn't been or what he hadn't seen or anything, but simply how many times he had crossed.

The one time on record that any one was known to get ahead of these scorchers was when a lot of them were sitting swapping lies on a certain steamship deck and a nonscorcher, having learned that the star scorcher's record was 188 runs, remarked, "There's a man on board who has crossed 566 times." Then, as the excitement caused by the news somewhat subsided: "He's never been anywhere except to the two ports Liverpool and New York. He's never seen anything, he's never done anything, but just cross the ocean 566 times—he's the ship's barber."—New York Sun.

He Hacked Off His Leg.

Caught in a bear trap on the banks of the Athabasca, near Milford, Me., John McLeod, a lumber scaler, was obliged to take out his jackknife and cut off his leg. The trap was too heavy to move and was sprung in such a way that he could not reach over and release it. He was far from any human being, and the only way out of it seemed to be to cut off the leg.

That was done easily, because the leg upon which he operated was of wood. But when he stumped back to camp it made him mad to hear the jeers of the French-Canadian cook of the lumber crew.

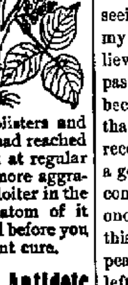
"Why you no take off you whole wood laig, ah? You get out um thrap and no spile you wood laig 'tall, ah?"

Such a way out of his difficulty had not occurred to McLeod before.

Skill In Throwing Off Mail Bags.

The busiest clerk in any crew or car is the one who is detailed to receive and throw off the sacks and pouches. To lift a heavy mail sack and throw it from a car moving at the rate of a mile a minute is a matter of good target shooting. "Looks easy enough," commented one of the veteran clerks at the letter case, "and it does seem as if a man should be able to hit a station platform without much difficulty, but you see that station is passed and gone in about one second. Then, the suction of a train running at this speed is something terrific, and until the knack of throwing a pouch is learned a man is liable to feed the wheels with a few letters."—Saturday Evening Post.

Poison Oak
Poison Ivy



are among the best known of the many dangerous wild plants and shrubs. To touch or handle them quickly produces swelling and inflammation with intense itching and burning of the skin. The eruption soon disappears, the sufferer hopes forever; but almost as soon as the little blisters and pustules appeared the poison had reached the blood, and will break out at regular intervals and each time in a more aggravated form. This poison will loiter in the system for years, and every atom of it must be forced out of the blood before you can expect a perfect, permanent cure.

SSS Nature's Antidote FOR Nature's Poisons,

is the only cure for Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and all noxious plants. It is composed exclusively of roots and herbs. Now is the time to get the poison out of your system, as delay makes your condition worse. Don't experiment longer with salves, washes and soaps—they never cure.

Mr. S. M. Marshall, bookkeeper of the Atlanta (Ga.) Gas Light Co., was poisoned with Poison Oak. He took Sulphur, Arsenic and various other drugs, and applied externally numerous lotions and salves with no benefit. At times the swelling and inflammation was so severe he was almost blind. For eight years the poison would break out every season. His condition was much improved after taking one bottle of S. S. S., and a few bottles cleared his blood of the poison, and all evidences of the disease disappeared.

People are often poisoned without knowing when or how. Explain your case fully to our physicians, and they will cheerfully give such information and advice as you require, without charge, and we will send at the same time an interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

HIS DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

A Pompous Reception That Amused President Grevy.

M. Severiaro de Heredia, the minister of public works in the Rouvier cabinet during the presidency of M. Grevy, belonged to the famous naturalized Cuban family, of which another member, the Comte de Heredia, is one of the immortal 40 of the French academy. Most of the family have dark spins, suspiciously mulatto, and other negro characteristics. This has, however, in nowise interfered with their standing in Paris, where several of the family have long been prominent. The former minister had also been president of the municipal council of Paris and a deputy from a Paris arrondissement.

His dark skin led to a curious mistake at the Elysee the day after he had been appointed a member of the Rouvier cabinet. According to immemorial custom the new ministers called singly on President Grevy to pay their respects. On the same day, as it happened, an official visit was expected from the president of the republic of Haiti, who was to present his letters to the president. When M. de Heredia arrived in the court of the palace, the minor officials stationed there, who were not familiar with the new minister's features, judged from his complexion that he was the Haitian dignitary. The courtyard became very animated with guards hurrying to and fro to their places, while one of the officers of the president's military household went to inform M. Grevy of the distinguished visitor's arrival.

M. de Heredia received all this with dignified composure, for, never having been a minister before this, he thought this ceremonial was probably the usual one. Finally, with the beating of drums, he was ushered into the reception room, where the chief executive stood ready to receive him. "What," cried he, "it's only you, Heredia!" "Why, yes, M. le President," replied the puzzled minister. Grevy began to laugh. "Well," he cried, "you have been minister only 24 hours and have succeeded in turning my house upside down. What will you do later on?"—Chicago Herald.

CHASED THE SUPER.

The Exciting Race Between Kean and the Stage Hand.

Some strange tales have been told by old timers in the stage business about the Keans, both the elder and the last to be seen on the American stage. Some have said that hard study made them a little wrong at times, and some of the things they did certainly looked queer.

It is told by an old New Orleans horseman, who is here from the Crescent City, that when Kean the younger was playing there he nearly scared a super to death and came near "pinking" him.

It was in "Richard III," in the scene where he sees the ghosts. The stage manager was a bit the worse for drink and determined to have some fun. He did not like Kean, as he was a hard man behind the scenes. Among the supers was a raw Irish lad who had never seen a stage before. The manager told this fellow that if he would run across the stage when he gave him the tip he would stand to earn $2. The poor fellow was broke, and a two spot looked to him like a national bank. He agreed, and the stage manager gave him a gaudy oilcloth banner bearing these words, "Smoke General Jackson Cigars."

It was nearly a panic that this Irish lad started. He ran across the stage, and when Kean saw him he was furious. He made a lunge at the unfortunate super with his sword, and, as the "rag" came whizzing down to a hurry call, he chased the poor standard bearer off the stage, down the passage and to the street. For two blocks he followed him in his Richard costume, and finally the super escaped down a dark alley.

What effect it had upon the show the turfman does not say, but certainly it was only the super's agility of foot that saved him.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Wrote Sermons In His Sleep.

Narrating "Some Remarkable Cases of Double Personality," Dr. R. Osgood Mason cites in The Ladies' Home Journal the case of a "young ecclesiastic in the seminary with the Archbishop —— of Bordeaux, France, who was in the habit of getting up at night in a condition of somnambulism, going to his study and composing and writing his sermons in the dark. When he had finished one page, he read it over and properly corrected it. A broad piece of cardboard interposed between his eyes, and his writing made no difference to him. He wrote, read and corrected just the same as if there had been no obstruction. Having completed his work to his satisfaction, he returned to bed, and in the morning he had not the slightest idea of what he had done in the night and had no knowledge of it until he saw the manuscript in his own handwriting."

Delicacies Out of Season.

Old Moneybags was tired of hearing all this stuff and nonsense about the poor. Some one had called his attention to his own way of living, with delicacies out of season on his groaning table and—

"Delicacies out of season!" he thundered. "What if I do get to use ice in the summer time? Don't the poor get to use it in the winter, when it's fresh, and I have to put up with the cold storage stuff? B-r-r-r-r!"—Indianapolis Press.

Not For His Health.

Hubbubs—Why are you moving from your suburban home?

Subbubs—I am all run down.

Hubbubs—Malaria?

Subbubs—No; gossipy neighbors.—Philadelphia Record.

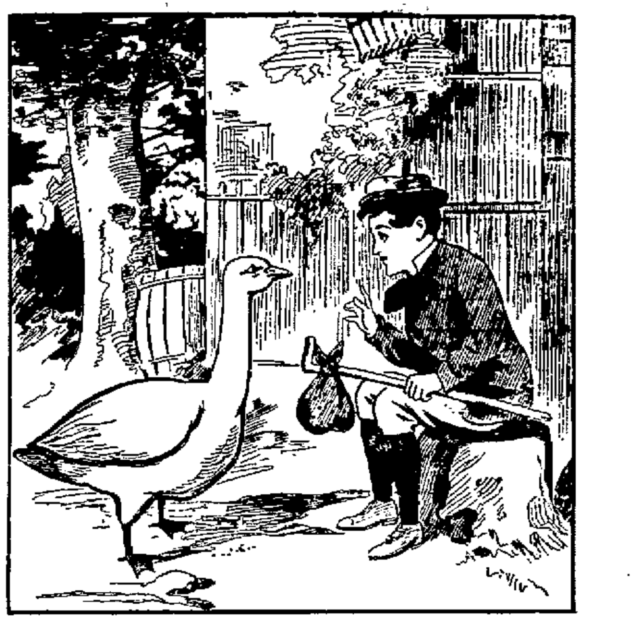
"It is with a good deal of pleasure and satisfaction that I recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy," says Druggist A. W. Sawtelle, of Hartford, Conn. "A lady customer, seeing the remedy exposed for sale on my show case, said to me: 'I really believe that medicine saved my life the past summer while at the shore,' and she became so enthusiastic over its merits that I at once made up my mind to recommend it in the future. Recently a gentleman came into my store so overcome with colic pains that he sank at once to the floor. I gave him a dose of this remedy which helped him. I repeated the dose and in fifteen minutes he left my store smilingly informing me that he felt as well as ever." Sold by all druggists.

Do you suffer with aching, tired, burning or sore feet?

If so send us 25 cents and we will send you postpaid, a box of our celebrated *Electric Foot Ease*, an absolute cure for perspiring feet; we will also send free of cost a prescription for the removal of hard or soft corns; this prescription was used by one of the leading specialists in the city for more than 20 years. Write at once as this offer is to introduce the Electric Foot Ease. THE PALMER CHEMICAL CO.,
apr26(01)y1 SCRANTON, PA.

Jell-O, The New Dessert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts. Try it to-day. feb9('00)y1



PICTURE PUZZLE.

"Goosey, goosey, gander, whither shall I wander?
Upstairs and downstairs, and in my lady's chamber.
There I met an old man, who wouldn't say prayers;
I took him by the left leg and threw him downstairs"
(Find the old man.)

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

Dangerous Kidney Diseases.

Celery King has cured me of kidney disease. The doctor feared Bright's disease, and tried many remedies that gave me no help. Celery King has made me as well as ever in my life, and it seems almost as though a miracle had been wrought in my case.—Jennie O. Reichard, Springtown, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 4

Misread the Sign.

"How is it," asked the victim, "that you charge me 35 cents when the sign says, 'First class hair cut 15 cents?'"

"But you haven't first class hair," replied the barber.—Philadelphia North American.

Why Dinah Went.

Not long ago a lieutenant in the navy was ordered away on a three years' cruise. The order had been dreaded for weeks, and when it came the young wife, who was to be left in a Brooklyn flat with a baby and a colored servant, was in despair.

She controlled her sorrow very well, however, until the actual moment of parting came, and then she wept as though her heart would break. The cruiser was to leave the navy yard early next morning, and the lieutenant had gone to report for duty.

In the midst of her lamentations the young wife heard a sniffling and sobbing in the dining room, and upon glancing through the door she saw Dinah, the colored maid, rocking her body to and fro in a chair and weeping violently.

"Why, D-D-Dinah, what's the m-matter?" cried the mistress. "You seem to t-t-take Mr. Blank's departure as much to heart as I d-do."

"'Deed I doesn't, Mis' Blank; 'deed I doesn't!" sobbed Dinah. "What am boderin dis chile am de fac' dat a cullud genman friend o' mine am gwine sail hisse'f on dat same ole cruisah!"—New York Herald.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctors' treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at J. R. Irvine & Co's drug store.

Two Seats.

He gave his gold with lavish hand
And spread his fame throughout the land.
He builded here and builded there,
And as he wrought things passing fair
His face with conscious pride did glow.
Then, when at last his time had come
And he had gone to his long home,
He stepped within and proudly said:
"Of course I shall be quickly led
To the best seat in the front row."

St. Peter smiled and shook his head,
And to the new arrival said:
"We manage this place on a plan
That may seem rather strange to man,
But 'tis a plan we know is right."
Then leading him to second place,
St. Peter smiled and turned his face.
"Who has first place?" the proud man cried.
St. Peter turned and quick replied:
"A widow—and she gave a mite."—
Lincoln, Neb., Commoner.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

MICA
Makes short roads.
AXLE
And light loads.
GREASE
Good for everything
that runs on wheels.

Sold Everywhere.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

WINNING.. A BATTLE.

The Men, the Guns, the Ammunition—all must be of the right kind—for weakness in any one point may result in defeat. It's the same in Business. Every element in the organization must be right to win success.

I have opened a new department—Tinware, Graniteware, Venetianware. Curtain Poles and fixtures, Carpets of all kinds. Also Tea Sets, Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Glassware of all kinds and sizes. Come and see facts, not fakes.

STRAW HAT SEASON is here. I have them—a large stock to select from. If you need a GOOD HAT here's the place to get it.

RUGS, pretty designs, will keep a full stock, up-to-date.

SHOE SALE THIS WEEK.

Shoes that look like SHOES, outdoor Shoes for sensible women. Shoes for men that will wear; every pair guaranteed. Fine grade of shoes for women. The price will surprise you.

Decorated China, Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets, Decorated Lamps, Reading Lamps with Shade. See what a few dollars will buy in our Decoratedware; also what 25c will buy in our Glassware.

HOSIERY.

Low prices for fine hose for Ladies' and Children. *Black Cat Brand.* Men's: All kinds to suit your pocket book.

Floor oil cloth, table oil cloth, stair oil cloth, shelf oil cloth kept in stock. All good brands; also window shades of different kinds. Price 10c and up.

GROCERIES—A clean, fresh stock, up-to-date and fresh, reliable goods. No stale goods sold.

Headquarters for silverware stamps. We have the stamps and the premiums.

Statler's General Store,
BEDFORD, PA.

THE HERRICK SHOE FOR WOMEN

Equal to any high-grade $5 and $6 shoe, but at half the price. The only advertised woman's shoe awarded a medal at the Paris Exposition. Fifty-eight styles to select from in high shoes and low shoes—$2.50, $3, $3.50.

The Shoe that wears!

Made and guaranteed by G. W. Herrick & Co., of Lynn, Mass., who have been making nothing but women's shoes for the past thirty-eight years.

SOLD ONLY BY
The Metropolitan Clothing and Shoe Company,
Bedford, Pa.

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50

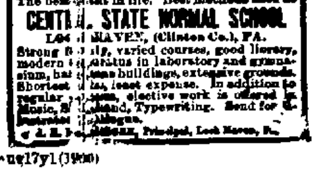
Dentistry.

Dr. F. H. James,

A graduate of the Baltimore Dental College, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he will practise Dentistry in the office of Dr. S. F. Statler, where he would be pleased to have the public call on him for anything in the line of Dentistry at the following prices:

Gold filling..............$1 and up
Silver filling........75 cents and up
Tin filling..........50 cents and up
Cement filling.......75 cents and up
Full upper set of teeth.....$5 and up
Full lower set of teeth.....$5 and up
Partial set...............$1 to $10
Crown and bridge work a specialty.

Dr. Statler will continue to be in the office each day.

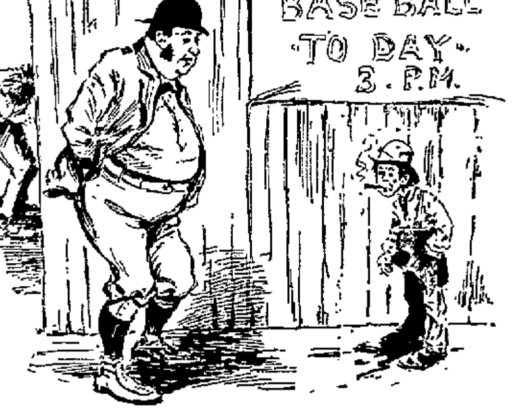


Get an Education

The best asset in life. Best methods used at
CENTRAL STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
LOCK HAVEN, (Clinton Co.), PA.

Strong faculty, varied courses, good library, modern apparatus in laboratory and gymnasium, handsome buildings, extensive grounds. Shortest time, least expense. In addition to regular courses, elective work is offered in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Send for illustrated catalogue.
J. R. [illegible], Principal, Lock Haven, Pa.

aug17y1(1900)



Manager—Who got the ball that came over the fence?
Youngster—Bill Swipey run home wid it.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Interesting Information for Those Who Want to Buy.

INTENDING PURCHASERS

Will Do Well to Consult This Column If They Wish to Save Money and Procure the Best Bargains.

When you pay more for the rent of your business house than for advertising your business, you are pursuing a false policy. If you can do business let it be known.—FRANKLIN.

Tomato plants for sale by J. B. May

The Musical College at Freeburg, Snyder Co., Pa., is largely attended Summer term will begin July 15. For catalogue address, HENRY B. MOYER may31w2.

Two furnished rooms for rent with privilege of bath and linen provided. Call on or address
J. CONSTANCE TATE, Bedford, Pa.

NOTICE:—The warm weather is approaching, and only those who own a WICKLESS COAL OIL STOVE know the luxury of such an article—it is less expensive than a Coal Stove, is free from dirt and you get the heat just where you want it. If we have not got the best stove of this character in the market, we will give you one free. Call and we will prove it.
BLYMYER HARDWARE CO.

Celebrated Chalybeate Cure

Cures piles, all forms of diseases of the skin, chaps, galls, ivy poisoning also galls and sores on the horse. Price, 10 cts. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Endorsed by your physicians.

WANTED—500 experienced bark peelers May 10th to Aug. 1st. Wages $1.50 to $2.00 and board. BABCOCK LUMBER Co., Ashtola, Somerset County, Pa. may10 m1.

Established in 1872, Bedford, Pa.
JOHN G. HARTLEY & CO., BANKERS
JNO. G. HARTLEY, JNO. M. REYNOLDS
S. S. METZGER.
Individual liability. Capital and real estate unencumbered, $800,000.00. Accounts of merchants, farmers and others solicited. Pay interest on time deposits and receive deposits payable on demand
WM. HARTLEY, JR., Cashier.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
Nov16w26. J. R. IRVINE & Co.

To the Deaf.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 10129-V. The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York, U. S. A. sept14y1

Bedford Classical Academy

Offers an Academic Course, an English Course and a Course in Drawing and Painting. Students enter colleges on certificate. Open to boys and girls. Terms reasonable.
For particulars address
C. V. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

For High Grade **Photographs**

GO TO THE GEPHART ART STUDIO, RICHARD STREET.
Ground floor. Satisfaction guaranteed.
may24m3

Deeds Recently Recorded.

Hester Neary, by administrator, to Nicholas Hyssong, 2 lots in Liberty township; consideration $484.

Nicholas Hyssong to Amos D. Neary, 2 lots in Liberty township; consideration $500.

Henry Kelley to Amos D. Neary, 1 lot in Stonerstown; consideration $100

William J. Van Horn and others to Shelley C. Grubb, 168 acres in Monroe township; consideration nominal.

Martha R. Salkeld and others to E. F. Anderson, 1 acre in Broad Top township; consideration $129.

Mary A. Lutz and others to Nicholas A. Kegg, 40 acres in Colerain township; consideration $1,000.

William P. Morgart, by executor, to Franklin P. Shaffer, 321 acres in Colerain township; consideration $64.

Franklin P. Shaffer to George E. Morgart, 321 acres in Colerain township; consideration $64.

Henry A. Smedberg to Abram Phillips, tract in Broad Top township; consideration $90.

George A. Ferguson to Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad company, 3 acres in Bedford county; consideration $329.

John A. Miller to Matilda Manges, 1 acre in Bedford township; consideration $125.

Harry B. Aaron to W. H. Aaron, 5 tracts in South Woodbury township; consideration $2,800.

State Aid for Charities.

Twenty-six bills for private charities were reported to the house on Monday from the appropriations committee, as follows:

Pennsylvania Home for Blind, Philadelphia, $25,000; Evangelical Home for Aged, Philadelphia, $1,000; Bethesda Home, Pittsburg, $5,000; Home for Aged, Easton, $2,000; Rush hospital, Philadelphia, $10,000; Midnight Mission, Philadelphia, $2,000; Easton hospital, $12,000; Children's Aid society, Philadelphia, $10,000; Home for Aged, Philadelphia, $4,000; West Philadelphia Hospital for Women, $2,500; Brookville Memorial Home, $7,000; Wagner Free Institute, Philadelphia, $2,000; Lying-In Charity hospital, Philadelphia, $15,000; Maternity hospital, Philadelphia, $5,000; Old Ladies' Home, Philadelphia, $4,000; Home for Friendless, Harrisburg, $2,500; Howard hospital, Philadelphia, $5,000; Home for Aged Veterans, Philadelphia, $6,000; Union Home for Old Ladies, Philadelphia, $4,000; Home for Widows, Lebanon, $2,000; Children's Aid society, Pittsburg, $10,000; expenses of election contest of A. H. Squier, Wyoming, $2,500; Home for Infants, Philadelphia, $4,000; Orphans' School Commission, $336,200; Asylum for Indigent Widows, Philadelphia, $5,000; Colony Farm for Epileptics, $10,000.

Pittsburg "Ripper" Sustained.

The Pennsylvania supreme court on Monday announced a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the Pittsburg "ripper" bill, which overturns the municipal governments of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton. The court was divided on the question, four justices affirming the validity of the act, while the remaining three joined in a vigorous dissenting opinion. Justice Mitchell prepared the sustaining decision, in which Justices Fell, Brown and Potter concurred. Justice Dean wrote the dissenting opinion, in which he was joined by Chief Justice McCollum and Justice Mestrezat.

Marriage Licenses.

George M. Stock, of Woodbury borough, and Maggie May Murray, of Woodbury township.

Grant Eller, of Hopewell, and Susan Ramage, of Hopewell township.

LAWS OF THE STATE.

Governor Stone Signs a Long List of Legislative Enactments.

Governor Stone has signed the following bills:

Authorizing banks and banking companies to improve any real estate they may hold for the accommodation and transaction of their business by the erection, renewal or replacing of buildings thereon and to derive rent therefrom.

Providing for uniform practice and procedure in courts of common pleas in counties containing more than one court.

Defining the offence of disorderly conduct by persons on railroad and railway cars, public or private parks and picnic grounds.

Providing that vinegar made wholly from grapes, apples and other fruit shall not be required to contain an acidity of 4 per cent.

Allowing county commissioners to contribute to regularly organized county historical societies.

Allowing cities of the second and third class to appropriate $500 annually for the support of each company of the National Guard using and occupying an armory building within such cities

Conferring upon orphans' courts power to order and direct a mortgage or a public or private sale for the payment of debts or for other purposes of any lands lying partly in two or more counties divided by county lines.

Authorizing trustees of state normal schools to refund their bonded indebtedness at a lower rate of interest, and to include in the reissue of bonds a limited amount of additional indebtedness contracted prior to this act for the erection of buildings and making other improvements.

Providing for the election of recorders of deeds and registers of wills in counties having a population of over 150,000.

Relating to the payment of arrears of bonus on charters and upon the authorized increase of the capital stock of corporations and declaring a forfeiture of charter upon non-payment of bonus within one year.

Authorizing county commissioners to construct any public road leading to either end of a county bridge across a river.

Giving game protectors the same powers as constables.

Authorizing county treasurers to refund to aliens the tax of 3 cents a day paid under the act of 1897, which was declared unconstitutional.

Relating to connection of public property with public sewers in boroughs.

Providing for the acknowledgment of deeds and other papers of like character concerning property in Pensylvania which may hereafter be taken in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines

Authorizing cities of the third class to maintain non-sectarian public libraries.

Granting to water companies the right to supply water to adjacent territory.

Requiring school teachers to be examined in elements of civil government and algebra.

Creating an additional law judge in Northumberland county.

Empowering borough authorities to lay out foot walks, pavements, gutters, culverts and drains over and upon lands abutting on and along the sides of public roads entirely within the borough limits and to assess the paving, curbing and guttering on the owners of adjoining lands.

Authorizing United States commissioners to administer oaths and affirmations, to take affidavits and depositions to be used in any court of this commonwealth or elsewhere, and to receive acknowledgments and proof of deeds, mortgages, etc., within or without the commonwealth.

Requiring bonds of indemnity given to the sheriff of any county having a population of over 150,000 to be approved by the court.

Authorizing policemen of boroughs to perform the duties of high constable.

Requiring notice to build or repair sidewalks in boroughs to be served upon the owners of property.

Repealing the act of March 18, 1889, relative to coroners and coroners' fees in Cambria and Westmoreland counties.

Authorizing the governor to appoint three lawyers to constitute a board of commissioners for the promotion of the uniformity of legislation in the United States for a term of four years. The commissioners are to receive no compensation.

Allowing township commissioners to enter into contract with one or more taxpayers of the township for making, amending and repairing the public roads and bridges.

Fishertown.

MAY 28.—Sunday is Quarter Day.

William Bowser raised his new barn on Wednesday.

Nathan Wolfe has sold the timber on his low land to a lumber company of Indiana county.

Uriah Blackburn and wife returned home on Saturday from their trip to Philadelphia and other eastern cities.

Rev. Jones, of Schellsburg, delivered a very able Memorial sermon in the Lutheran church Sunday afternoon.

Inclement weather prevented large crowds from attending the Sunday school convention in the Reformed church Monday and Tuesday.

Calvin Helsel and family, of near Cessna, were welcome visitors on Bedford street Sunday.

On Monday the postoffice equipments and telephone apparatus were moved into A. C. Blackburn & Co's new office building on the corner.

Misses Ida Weisel and Lonie Risling were elected by the Reformed Sunday school as delegates to the Sunday school convention at Saxton.

Solomon Imler, of Kansas, who left this community about 17 years ago, is spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Imler.

The many friends of Joe Russell are glad to note his turn for the better. His sister, accompanied by her husband, H. H. Hoffman, of Palmyra, N J., came to his bedside Saturday night, to remain for some time. Mr. Hoffman returned home on Wednesday.
CARVEL

Doubts His Own Death.

Last week it was reported that "the man with the musical heart" was dead. The tables have been turned on the widely-circulated news item by the following telegram:

"SCRANTON, PA., May 26.—Edward Lewis, alias Joseph Milkoriski, "the man with the musical heart," arrived in the city yesterday in an indignant frame of mind. Lewis resents the story sent out from Chicago that he is dead. The report that an autopsy had been performed on him and that his heart had been sold to an anatomical society he declared he didn't believe,"

OUR SPRING NOTICE.

WE WANT YOU TO CALL : : :

And let us show you the superb assortment of men's and boys' apparel, and let us tell you how you can

Dress in correct fashion at a moderate expense.

If you do not realize how this can be done, or if you have been in the habit of paying high prices for your clothes, come in and see how we can outfit you for the Spring at a small cost. Prices may not appeal to you alone, but when you see the qualities and the perfection of the tailoring, and note how satisfactory is the fit in every detail, you will wonder how we can do it. Just for example note the prices, then come in and see the garments:

Men's splendid sack suits, long wearing and perfect in fit, $5 to $18. Men's swell cutaway coats and vests, cut from the finest fabrics, $8 to $18. Boys' single-breasted jacket three piece suits $3 to $10. Boys' plain double-breasted jacket two piece suits $1 to $7. Little boys' fancy sailor blouse. Russian Blouse and Vestee suits $1.50 to $6.

Every fashionable fabric is represented in this magnificent aggregation of finely tailored suits. There are black and blue serges, blue, black and Oxford-gray worsted-Cheviots, there are fancy Tweeds, fancy Cheviots, plain and fancy Worsteds, and striped and checked Cassimeres. Every taste can be perfectly satisfied, every purse can conform to our prices. No matter how you are built we can fit you to perfection. And it is the same way with our boys' clothes. Mothers will be particularly pleased with the enormous selections we have made, and the small boy will have a long-wearing, stylish suit, at a money-saving price, if you buy it here.

HABERDASHERY. In our Haberdashery Department you will find some brand new neckwear that has just arrived from the New York makers. They were made up from exclusive patterns of silk largely, and we have only a small selection of each style, so you ought to come in without a moment's delay to pick out the cravats you want. We have also just received a consignment of fancy hosiery from the mills, that will please the most fastidious young man. Patterns are new and snappy and the qualities excellent White dress and fancy bosom shirts, negligee shirts, light-weight underwear, gloves, handkerchiefs, collars and cuffs, and in fact everything in the line of furnishings that you can possibly want, at very reasonable prices.

M. LIPPEL, *Opposite Bedford House, Bedford, Pa.*

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Continued from first page.

as we hear it. On the one hand it is education and on the other a taste. Our music ought not to be selected at random. The words ought to be of the right class and the music should be appropriate He gave as examples hymns like "I Love to Tell the Story," "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Son of My Soul, Thou Savior Dear." These two, namely, "Hold the Fort for I Am Coming" and "I Want to Be An Angel," should never be used in the Sunday school service. He was followed by Rev. D. G. Hetrick, who agreed to the thoughts of the former speaker. The last topic of the convention was "Helps to Successful Sunday School Work" and was opened by Rev. D. G. Hetrick, who mentioned these three helps, namely, good lesson helps, weekly, semi-monthly and monthly Sunday school paper and a good Sunday school library. The convention closed with prayer by the pastor, doxology and benediction.
Fishertown, Pa., May 28. GIDEON.

P. R. R. Summer Seashore Excursions.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company announces June 20, July 5 and 18, August 1, 15 and 29 and September 12 as dates for its sixteen-day summer excursions from Pittsburg and western Pennsylvania to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Wildwood and Avalon, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md. Round-trip rate $10 from Pittsburg and correspondingly low rates from other stations. For further information address T. E. Watt, P. A. W. D, Pittsburg, Pa.

Point.

MAY 28.—The high water did great damage to the Nelson mill dam last Wednesday.

William Jordan, wife and daughter, Mrs. Mary McCleary, and Samuel Lape drove over from Windber on Saturday Mrs. Jordan was taken seriously ill Saturday night and was unable to return with her husband and Mr. Lape on Sunday afternoon. She is reported better.

Your correspondent and wife spent Friday last visiting the families of D M. Wonders and Harry Wonders, in Bethel Hollow. We were pleasantly entertained and enjoyed the visit very much.

Your correspondent expects to start for Gettysburg on Saturday and will visit friends in Harrisburg until Monday and will then take in the G. A. R encampment and the re-union of the 55th Regt. Pa. Vols.

A new building has been erected in Fishertown for the postoffice and telephone office and is now occupied by the P. M. and "Hello" people.

Joseph Russell, one of Fishertown's merchants, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia for over a week, was reported a little better yesterday.

R. C. Smith was a guest of the people of Imlertown last week. He was attending a Sabbath school convention.

Sheriff Gates passed through this place in the rain on Saturday.
HOOKER

Weddings Galore.

PARIS, May 27.—There were seven hundred weddings in Paris yesterday (Whitsunday). One hundred and thirty of these were solemnized at the Montmartre Mairie alone. The mayor had received permission to marry two couples at the same time.

DIED.

HEFFNER.—At Everett May 16, 1901, Mrs. Mary Ann Heffner, aged 73 years, 6 months and 27 days.

Condition of Winter Wheat.

Despatches from correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. throughout the winter wheat belt promise an unusually satisfactory yield Conditions have distinctly improved since the earlier statement was prepared, especially as respects the Hessian fly, which threatened serious disaster in some sections a few weeks ago. The grain has now made sufficient progress to preclude any extensive losses through ravages of this pest, and there is little sign of other untoward influences In many states the acreage planted was slightl smaller than last year's, but the better condition as a rule suggests an equally good yield. This includes allowane for losses in Texas, where drought necessitated replanting, and in many cases the final acreage was not more than half last year's. As the entire yield of the state is a comparatively unimportant factor in the total winter wheat crop, its misfortunes will not materially affect the aggregate.

Only One Charge.

A rumor to the effect that visitors to the Pan-American exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., are called upon to pay an admittance fee to each of the exhibit buildings after paying to pass through the gates appears to have gained some circulation in certain quarters. It is entirely unfounded. The fact is that the visitor after paying the gate fee has the privilege of going through all of the dozens of exhibit buildings absolutely free of expense. The prices of admission are: For adults, 50 cents; for persons under fourteen years of age, 25 cents. The exposition proper does not include the Midway, which is a collection of amusement enterprises conducted by private companies. To these attractions small admittance fees, ranging from 10 cents to 25 cents, are charged.

To Be Married Soon

If you expect to be married in the near future, and go to keeping house, quietly drop around to the New Furniture Store and pick out what you may be needing, and let me give you a special price on your first purchase.
We assure you it will be kept strictly confidential, and no questions asked.
A full line of all kinds of

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Floor Oil Cloth, Refrigerators, Couches, Children's Go-Carts, &c., always on hand at prices that are fair.

Yours to serve,
Fred C. Pate,
Odd Fellow Building, Bedford, Pa.

We fit all kinds of feet.

Every Woman Loves

* * * beauty, values comfort, and appreciates economy. So women find peculiar satisfaction in Queen Quality shoes.

Two favorites are the Rugby oxford and the Minola boot—thoroughly high-grade shoes of unusual merit at a sensible price—$2.50 and $3.

These are the most popular street styles of the season.

We're pledged to please, and so have here for your inspection different styles and grades at different prices.

Come and see and be convinced.

WM. S. LYSINGER,
BEDFORD, PA.

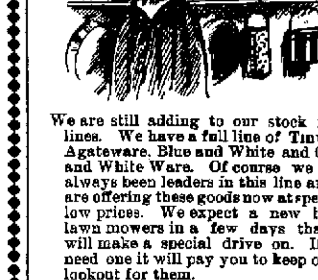
For Sale.

Portable saw-mill outfit, ½ mile from Koontzville. Frick Portable engine 8x10 bore, used 9 months; Frick Mill No. 0; 84 ft. of carriage, 3 patent head-blocks; 12ft of 2 7-16 in. line shaft with pulleys; wood saw; lath saw; self-feed shingle mill and jointer; 6 Gandy belts good as new. Everything in first-class order.
Terms: ½ cash, ¼ in 1 year, ¼ in 2 years, with interest; note with good security required. Address S. L. SHAFFER,
may24w3 Bedford, Pa.

Regardless of the weather

Our trade continues to increase.

Tinware



We are still adding to our stock in all lines. We have a full line of Tinware, Agateware, Blue and White and Green and White Ware. Of course we have always been leaders in this line and we are offering these goods now at specially low prices. We expect a new lot of lawn mowers in a few days that we will make a special drive on. If you need one it will pay you to keep on the lookout for them.

Come to-day. Come to-morrow. Come any time. But be sure and come when you are in need of Hardware, Stoves, Housefurnishing Goods, Wood and Willow ware; in fact, when in need of anything in our line it will be to your own interest to get our prices. Remember we are always yours for business.

BRICE Hardware Company.

A FEW Suggestions About Clothing.

YOUR NEW SPRING SUIT should feel easy while sitting or walking. Trousers must hang well—they should not wrinkle or bag at the knees when standing—vest must set right and not pucker up when stooping—coat should fit your form perfectly; it ought not to become shapeless when unbuttoned. And above all, the Suit must look well Good judges say our Clothing this season approaches this ideal very closely—so much for the points relating to ease and comfort.

Now For Durability And Economy:

It requires a vast amount of experience, combined with good judgment, to select fabrics that will stand the test of sunshine and storm, wear and tear, and yet retain their color and shape. The knowing HOW enables us to get the best, and we know of no better Clothing anywhere, and then, too, underneath it all, is big value for your money. Your dollars are at a premium in our store, because you get more and better value than you can possibly get elsewhere. We are satisfied with a smaller margin of profit than others demand. We cannot afford to charge high prices. We want to win and retain your trade. We expect to see you again next season.

Finally, by honest, earnest and intelligent effort we hope not only to secure YOUR patronage, but that of your friends also. Consider this a cordial invitation to come and inspect the stock. We want to fit you out with your Spring Suit. Come and see what we have to offer. We promise you a hearty welcome, polite attention, the freedom of the store, and you will not be urged to buy.

We also show the largest assortment of

Boys' and Children's CLOTHING ....of the........ ..very latest styles..

An endless variety of

Straw and Fur Hats,
Negligee Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,
the newest styles in Neckwear,
all kinds of Fancy and Black Hosiery, Trunks and Suit Cases, White Vests, etc. : : : : : : :

SIMON'S CLOTHING STORE,

BEDFORD, PA.,
SIMON OPPENHEIMER, Prop. Opposite Grand Central Hotel.

CLOTHING AND SHOE SALE.

Important Reductions in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing and all kinds of footwear.

WE would rather give you the benefits of reduced prices now than wait until the tag-end of the season—when you wouldn't appreciate them so much. Beginning Saturday, May 18th, we will hold a Special Sale of Men's, Youths' and Children's Clothing, including Gents' Furnishing Good and Shoes at deeply sacrificed prices.

Reduced to $5,
Men's Suits that were formerly sold at $8 and $10.

Reduced to $4.50,
Youths' Suits that were formerly sold at $7.50 and $9.

Reduced to $2.25,
Children's Suits that were sold for $4 and $5.

Reduced to $1.90,
Men's Trousers that were sold for $3 and $4.
Big reduction in Hats, Caps, Shirts, Ties, &c, but space don't permit us to state prices. The prices will be found away below par.

Reduced to $1.50,
Men's and Women's Shoes that were selling at $2 and $2.50.

Reduced to $1.00,
Children's Shoes that were formerly $1.25 and $1.50.

A few Ladies' Tailor Made Suits and Separate Skirts at reduced prices. This sale will last until June 17th.

THE METROPOLITAN : :
CLOTHING AND SHOE Co.,
Nos. 1 and 2 Oppenheimer Building, Bedford, Pa.

E. Brightbill's
.·. NEW STORE .·.

Black Silk Grenadines—Beautiful styles and best quality at Lowest Prices.

All wool Albatross, in all the new spring shades—Old Rose, Blue, Pink, Cream, Lavender, Green, French Blue, Cardinal, Garnet, Black.

Organdies, Lawns and Batistes in all the newest colorings.

White Goods—India Linon, Persian Lawn, Dotted Swiss, Fancy stripes and bars.

Something new in Veiling—*The New Complexion Veil.* Newest Belts and Belt Buckles, Belt Pins, Hat Pins and Hair Barrettes. High class novelties in Ladies' Neckwear.



CORSETS.

The New **Straight Front** made of Coutille, Batiste and Net.

Dotted Swiss for Sash Curtains.
A fine line of beautiful China for table use and for decorating the home.

BARNETT'S STORE

New Merchandise.
Low Prices.

When the Sun Shines.



You want a parasol to protect you from the sun. You should have one that will shade your face and perhaps diffuse a becoming light over your costume These pretty parasols are finished with the best of material, and you cannot duplicate these values. Prices on children's parasols—25, 35, 50 and 75c. Ladies' parasols $1, $1.50, $2, $3 and $3 98.

Toilet Articles.



All the little accessories for the dressing table are mighty underpriced to-day. Another inducement to know this department better—that's all. Tooth brushes, nail brushes, nail files, button hooks, shoe horns, toilet waters, tooth powders, complexion powders. The finest assortment of triple extract colognes in the country. All odors which you can buy in ounce lots or many quantity you wish. These perfumes we guarantee true to the natural odor of the flower. Large assortment of the most popular kinds in this week. Pure Casteel Soap (imported) per pound

15 cents

Women's Summer Underwear.

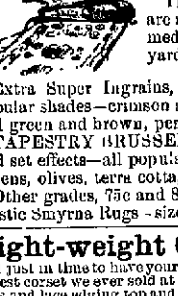
300 dozen women's pure white fine ribbed cotton vests in low necks and sleeveless, tapes in yokes and arms, all finished edges, at 8, 10, 12½, 25 and 50c Pants to match. Handsome Petticoats. The greatest stock of petticoats we have ever gathered is ready. You will find petticoats of coutil, of shadow silk, and of mercerized sateen, some with pleated ruffles, others with corded ones. Prices from 98c to $4 each.

Carriage Spreads in plain and fancy embroidered patterns 1¼x2 yds., light, medium and dark shades, at 35c, 50c, 75c and $1. Gum cloth for carriage and wagon tops—all color backs at 30, 37½, 40, 45 and 50c. Remnants of carpet for buggy and carriage beds—neat patterns. Paint and varnish brushes—all kinds from 5c to $1.25. Carriage cloth for lining—54 in. wide at 50c yd. Blue and green, two yd. wide fancy linen for back linings, furniture and floor covering at 50c yd.

Dressmaker's Findings at a fourth to a third lower than elsewhere. The periodical sales of high-class dressmaking supplies and notions offered by this store at unprecedented low prices have become an incident in the merchandising of this county. Even our greatest sales of the past shall be outdone by this event, affording a saving of many dollars to the dressmakers and shoppers of Bedford and vicinity. Sewing silks, hooks and eyes, beltings, bindings and casings, dress stays and whalebones, velveteen bindings, dress shields, best quality pins and needles, basting cotton, Placket fasteners, tape measures, machine oil.

Trimmings. We invite your attention to our complete assortment of all kinds of dress trimmings—including ribbons, lace, fancy braids, lace all-overs, fancy silks and velvets at saving prices.

Carpets.



No matter what your needs are we are prepared to meet them. A room, Hotel or Church—at less price than you expect to pay for reliable makes.

Fancy patterns in ingrains at 25, 28 and 35c.

Ingrain Carpet, block and floral designs, colors wine and oak, green and oak, per yard 39c.

The best half wool Ingrains that are made; colors brown, greens, reds, medallion and ribbon effects, per yard 45c.

Extra Super Ingrains, the ideal bedroom carpet, all popular shades—crimson and green, crimson and oak, blue and green and brown, per yard 65c

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—latest floral designs, ribbon and set effects—all popular shades, light and dark blues, greens, olives, terra cotta, per yard 65c.

Other grades, 75c and 85c per yard. Double faced, domestic Smyrna Rugs—size 36x72 inches $1.75.

Light-weight Corsets. Light-weight for immediate wear, and just in time to have your summer dresses fitted over. At 49c—Best corset we ever sold at the price; has a straight front, short hips and lace edging top and bottom; all sizes.

See our workingman's every-day shoes at $1.25 and $1.50.

Washable Dress Fabrics.

If any further evidence were needed to prove the superiority of our assortments and the fairness of our prices, it would be found in the increase of our sales, which even now, at the beginning of the busy season, have reached figures which would be large in any ordinary business for the entire season. The process of mercerization has been widely used this season, and with even better effect than heretofore. Fabrics of almost silken sheen are now offered at very moderate prices, and the admixture of silk also produces many fetching weaves at reasonable cost. The colorings we show are very dainty, as a rule, though there are some strong effects in cardinal and blue. We mention a few of the most popular fabrics of domestic manufacture on which our prices are remarkably favorable:

Athalia Batiste, Holly Batiste, Zephyr Muslin, Palermo Dimity, Romany Dimity, Dotted Swiss Muslin, Hawthorn Dimity.......... 12½c a yard

Aureole Batiste, Sea Island Dimity, Nainsook a Filet, Batiste Satine, Titania Cords, Anita Corded Batiste, Satin-stripe Dimity.......... 15c a yard

Bluebell Lawns, Briar Rose Lawns.......... 10c

Satin-stripe Lace Mull, Dimitie Rayee, Pois Mignon Brillant.......... 18c



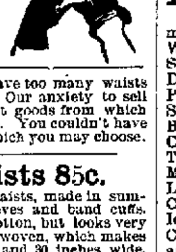
Dress Shoes For Women.

Our stock of new Spring models is very broad and complete.

Here are the stylish shoes for wearing with new Spring frocks. A little handsomer than ever before. Not so mannish. All the strong lines of the mannish shoe, but slimmer and more graceful.

A new and very handsome line at.......... **$2.75**

Women's Kid and Fabric Gloves.

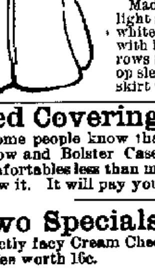


They are made to fit, and you know when gloves fit they wear so much better. These gloves have strong seams without being clumsy in appearance—they are just what ladies of taste will approve. All popular shades, lengths, and styles. Our 75 cent kid glove, in tan or black, is a favorite.

New Waists. A lady can't have too many waists—but we can. Our anxiety to sell will benefit you in buying. And if you want goods from which to make your own, we will fix you there, too. You couldn't have a prettier waist, though, than these from which you may choose.

White Lawn Shirtwaists 85c.

A whole counterful of the daintiest lawn waists, made in summery styles. All of them have bishop sleeves and band cuffs. Linen-Color Grass-Cloth 12½c. Made of cotton, but looks very like linen. Each thread is dyed before it is woven, which makes the color fast. Sheer; the threads are even; and 30 inches wide. It's cool, wears wile, washes well and looks well.



Wrappers.

Wrappers, 85c and $1, worth $1 and $1.25.

Made of chintz and percale, well assorted light and dark patterns. Round yokes of white striped lawn, shoulder ruffles trimmed with braid; others have square yoke, double rows fancy braid and embroidery; new bishop sleeve, full width; separate waist lining; skirt with deep ruffle.

Bed Coverings. Some people know that we are selling Blankets, Sheets, Pillow and Bolster Cases, Counterpanes, Down Quilts and Comfortables less than most other dealers. We want you to know it. It will pay you to know it.

Two Specials in Groceries. Strictly facy Cream Cheese 12½c. At 12½c. Choice Roasted Coffee worth 16c.

Aprons. Aprons 2°c, nice quality, white lawn, fancy lace, checks, deep hem, with ties.

For Spare Moments. Ladies who find a pleasant occupation for their spare moments in embroidery and similar employments, are invited to see our line of materials. Embroidery frames, needles, and stamped designs, silk floss of all colors and shades, crochet needles, fancy yarns, etc.

Linings. If the lining isn't right the dress can't be right. We sell dependable linings only. We offer by far the best values in town, in these good sorts.

Fast black Percaline, full yard wide, for all kinds of lining; usual value 12½c; at.......... 10c

Fast black French Percaline, full chase finish, excellent for full foundation lining; usual value 15c, at, yard.......... 12½c

Brazilian Cloth, in black and all the wanted shades; full moire finish, swishes like silk, and wears much better; value 25c, at, yard.......... 18c

27-inch Genuine Herringbone Hair Cloth, black and gray; shrunk, and is very light in weight.......... 25c

Shrunk Duck, in black, gray and white; will not shrink in garment; at, yard.......... 10c

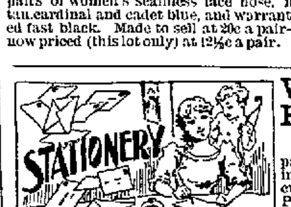
Summer Silks—LITTLE TO PAY. Checked and Plaided Silks, bright odd colorings—regular price 50c and 60c; the lot to be closed at 35c, 40c and 50c.

Hundreds of Feet of Hosiery



are awaiting your inspection on our shelves and counters. The most beautiful colors and patterns are here, and the widest range of materials and prices. Here are some hosiery facts and figures of interest: Children's black hosiery with double knees—sizes 6 to 10—three thread heels and toes, regular value 18c a pair—our price—**12½c**

WOMEN'S LACE HOSE. About 3000 pairs of women's seamless lace hose, in tan, cardinal and cadet blue, and warranted fast black. Made to sell at 20c a pair—now priced (this lot only) at 12½c a pair.



Writing Paper.

There is one line of boxed paper in our stock that is immensely popular. Our customers know it as "The Purple Box." We have just received a new shipment—100 boxes. Two standard finishes, kid and linen Square sizes. 60 sheets paper, 50 envelopes, 25c a box. Another popular shade is "Queen's Gray," also "Apple Green." We have received another shipment of that fine, smooth linen correspondence paper, put up in one pound packages. Two sizes, octavo and royal. 1 pound paper, 2 packs envelopes, 25c. About half price.

Wall Paper. We keep an extensive line of the latest paperings for every part of the house, and we ask those interested in wall papers to call and see the new styles and to discuss schemes for treatment. We have just received a line of very pretty designs for bedrooms, etc., at 5c the roll. Beautiful designs, in a variety of colorings, for hall and dining room, at 10c roll. High class wall papers for parlors, in the dainty tones of pinks, yellows and soft greens. If you want a beautiful parlor paper you can get it here at 20c roll.

Table Linens.



Every household needs replenishing of the table linens, and all housekeepers will be interested in the stock we are displaying. There is excellent quality to the heavy linen table cloths and napkins—some figured, some plain—

all at favorable prices.

Bed Spreads CROCHET WEAVE—in Marseilles pattern, hemmed ready for use; of a good medium quality and worth more than our price—88c each.

White Goods. One of the best makers of India Linons has sold us his entire stock of three popular numbers at a price which enables us to offer the goods at more than one-third reduction from regular prices. They are made from the finest selected combed yarns, and are fresh and perfect in every way: all 34 inches wide: 20c India Linons at 12½c; 25c India Linons at 15c; 30c India Linons at 18c.



Comfort Shoes.

Shoes that surely mean all their name implies. Made of the softest, toughest leather—and shaped over modern lasts. They conform to the foot without any resistance. They come in all sizes, both lace and button. Can't think of a shoe that gives more real satisfaction and better wear than the Comfort.

Soft Glove Kid, laced, $1.50.
Soft Glove Kid, button, $2.00.
Soft Dongola Kid, laced, $2.25
Soft Dongola Kid, buttoned, $2.50.

There's a dollar's worth more of value in each pair than the price calls for.

Carpets and Rugs. Our greatly increased trade shows that a majority of buyers know where to come for really high-class Carpets and Rugs. Nowhere in this country can dependable Carpets and Rugs, of all worthy grades, be purchased for less money than here; and we feel warranted in saying that our prices are always perceptibly the lowest, when excellence of material and superiority of design are duly considered.

Handsome Grenadines. Our lace aisle has an offering of beautiful, new, striped all silk Black Grenadines, $1.25 yd., that will show some extraordinary buying's been done. They're regular $1.75 goods—fine, closely woven—44 inches wide. Fifty cents a yard less on dressy goods like these is no every-day affair. Splendid lot of 8 and 10 cent Machine-made Linen Torchon Laces—5c yd.—edges and insertions—neat, pretty patterns—2 to 2¼ inches wide.

Separate Skirts.

Women have come to know the service and satisfaction to be found in the separate skirt. The only question is—where to buy the right sort—that fit and hang well. Here—at these saving prices:

Separate Skirts of all wool Homespun in brown and blue mixtures, light and dark grays—seven gore, cut flounce handsomely stitched and bell flare—velvet faced—well worth $5.00, for.......... **$3.98**

Separate Skirts of fine Venetian Cloth—beautifully draped and finished at flounce with two bands of satin—latest bell flare. Regular value $6.50, our price only.......... **$4.98**

A Woman's Pleasure.



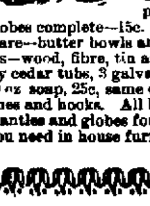
A machine is the one thing about which a woman is skeptical. We like this, because it enables us to prove the excellence of the Eldridge and Vindex machines beyond the possibility of question. We save you the commission that usually goes to an agent.

Our price for the Eldridge B is only
$23.00
and Vindex
$14.98.

Housecleaning & Furnishings.

Hundreds of things among the housefurnishings that will make work easier and better.
Whitewash brushes, 5c. to 75c.
Scrubbing brushes, 4c., 8c. and 10c.
Dust brushes, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.
Paint brushes, 5, 10, 25, 40, 50, 75c, $1.00.
Step ladders, 5ft. 75c. 6ft 85c—Hard wood.
Brooms, 13, 15, 20, 25, 30c.
Carpet stretchers, 35c. worth $1 00.
Tack hammers and lifters, 5, 10c.
Matting tacks, 20c. a lb. or 3c. Box.
Lye, 4 cans for 25c.
Carpet sweepers, $1.75 and up.
Ice cream freezers, $2.25, $2.75 and $3 50.
Clothes Wringers—Ball Bearing—The kind that runs easy and can't spot your clothes, $1.75, $2.00 and $2 50. Clothes racks, made of hard wood, 5ft. high with 4 wings—well braced with galvanized iron, 85c. Large and strong carpet and furniture dusters, 25c. Coffee grinders, 25, 40, 50c and $1.00. Screens for windows—made from hard wood—will suit any size at 15, 20, 25 and 30c. Over two thousand pieces agate ware, about half price. Lipped preserving kettles—4, 6, 8 qts. Heavy wash basins. Rinsing pans, 10, 12, 14 qt. Dust pans, 5, 8, 10 and 12c. 4, 6 & 8 qt. covered Berlin kettles, 30, 40 and 50c. Spoons, pans, coffee and tea pots, rice or milk boilers. Everything you can think of in the agate or tinware line at about one half what you've been paying

New Queensware received this week.



Dinner sets—imported ware at $9.98, $12, $13, $16 and $17. Beautiful decorations. Plain white ware. French and German China. Bisque and China novelties. Handsome toilet sets. Jardinieres. Pedestal and umbrella racks. Fancy decorated lamps—of all kinds—at all prices. Bedroom lamps with colored globes complete—15c. Fancy 8-inch globes—50c. Woodenware—butter bowls and ladles, wash boards 19, 25, 30c. Buckets—wood, fibre, tin agate, galvanized and agate Best quality cedar tubs, 3 galvanized hoops, No. 1 size, $1. 12 cakes of 10 oz soap, 25c, same quality as Globe Family soap Clothes lines and hooks. All kinds of lamp chimneys and burners Mantles and globes for gasoline lamps. In fact everything you need in house furnishings at the least prices.

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